



**Departamento de
Informática e Ingeniería
de Sistemas**
Universidad Zaragoza

Trabajo Fin de Máster

Reconocimiento visual de imágenes de endoscopia con Deep Learning

**Visual recognition with Deep Learning
for endoscopic data**

Clara Tomasini

Directora: Ana Cristina Murillo Arnal

Co-director: Luis Miguel Riazuelo Latas

Máster en Ingeniería biomédica
Departamento de Informática e Ingeniería de Sistemas
Escuela de Ingeniería y Arquitectura
Universidad de Zaragoza

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Apéndice A

Dataset EM

En este apéndice se presentan frames elegidos aleatoriamente de cada vídeo utilizado del dataset EM. En el vídeo C capturado en el Hospital Clínico Universitario Lozano Blesa de Zaragoza se puede comprobar que aparece una herramienta que no aparece en ninguno de los otros vídeos, mientras que en los otros vídeos capturados en hospitales asociados al proyecto EndoMapper aparecen herramientas parecidas.

Vídeo A

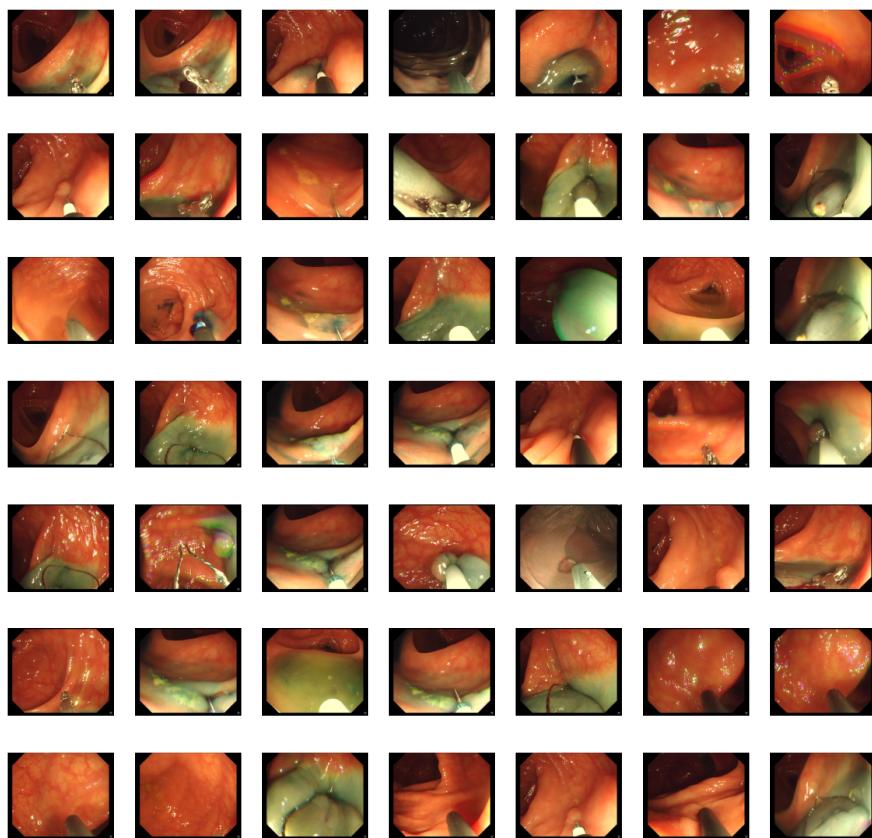


Figura A.1: 49 frames aleatorios del vídeo A

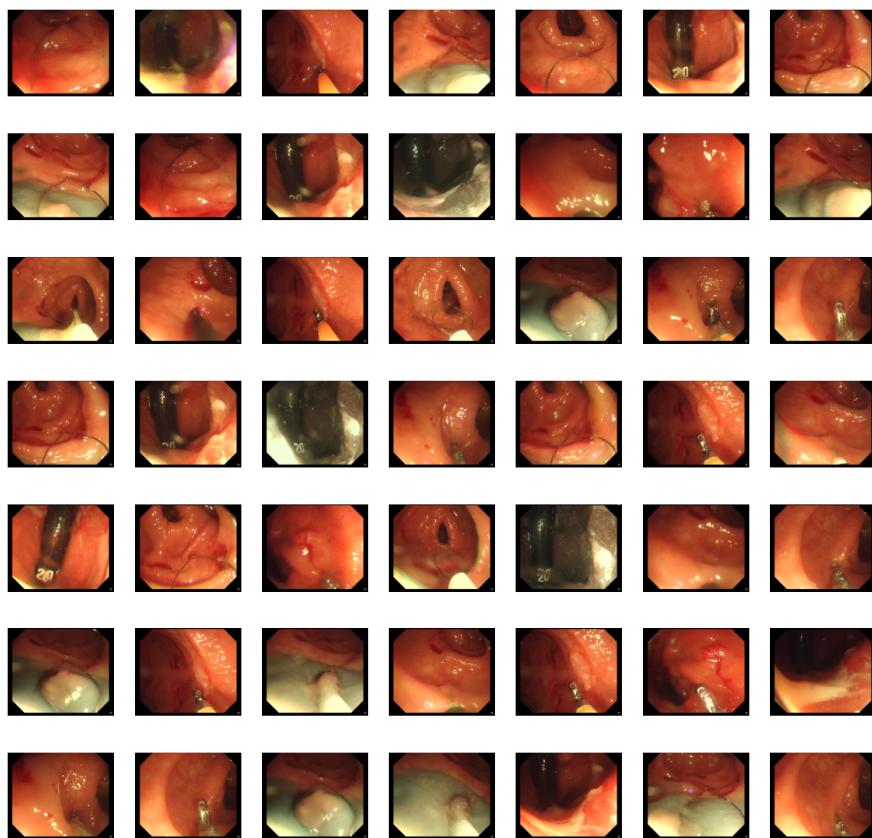
Vídeo B

Figura A.2: 49 frames aleatorios del vídeo B

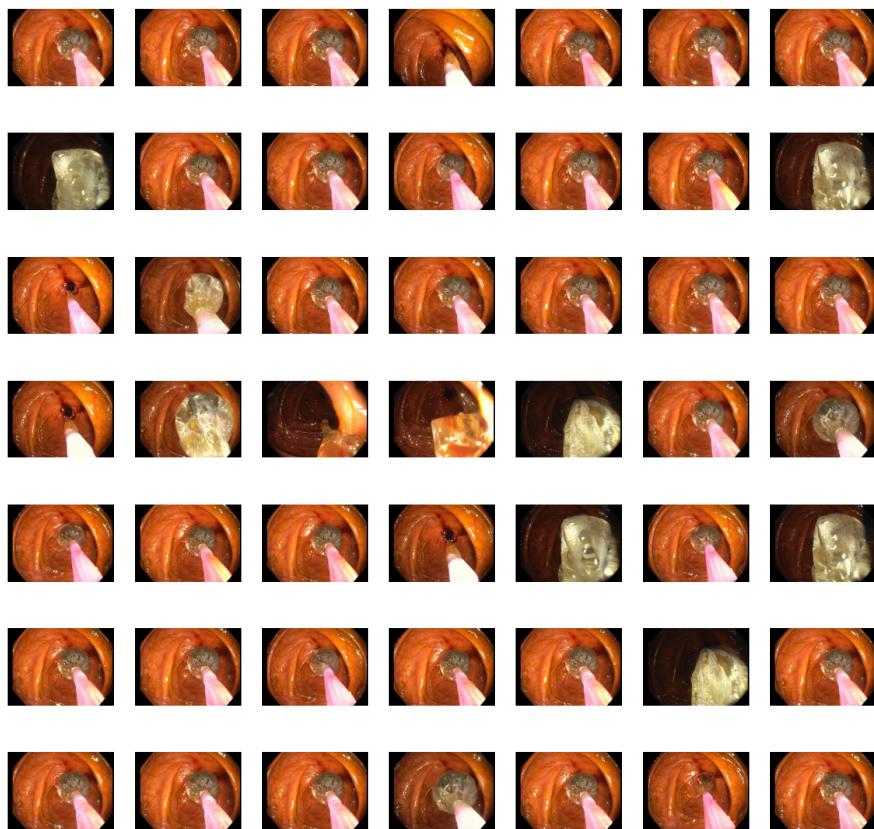
Vídeo C

Figura A.3: 49 frames aleatorios del vídeo C

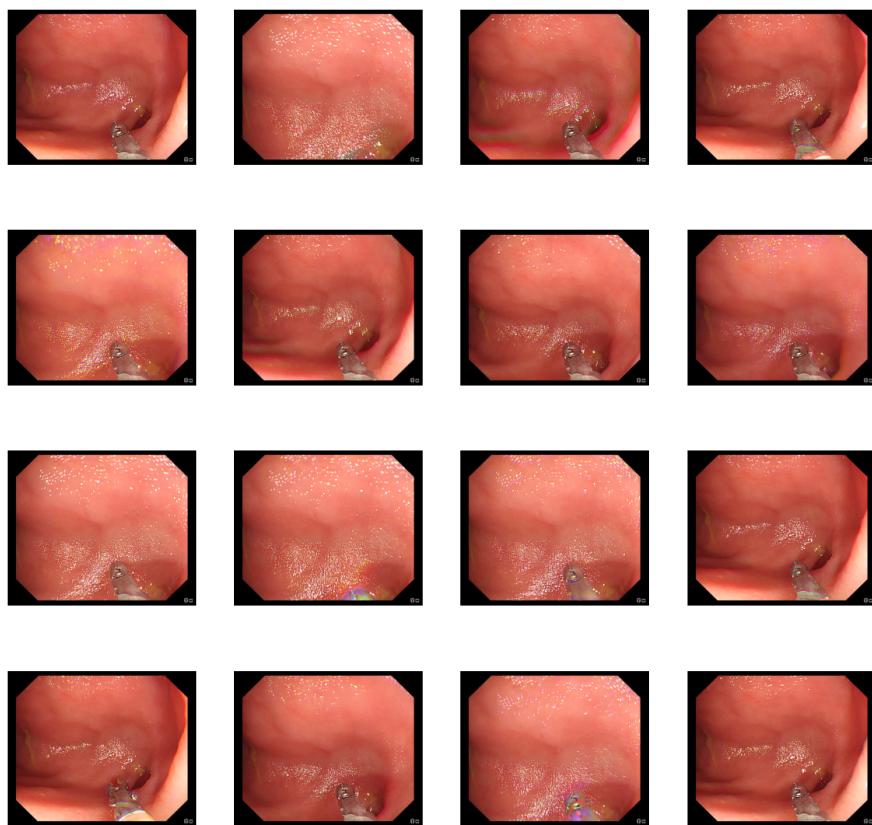
Vídeo D

Figura A.4: 16 frames aleatorios del vídeo D

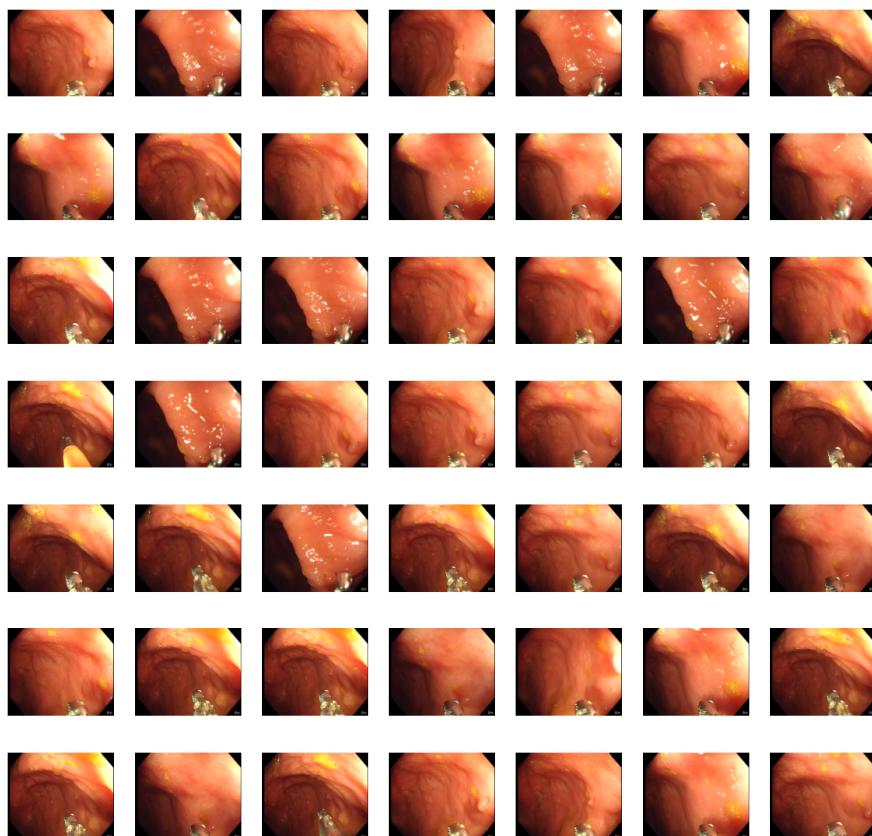
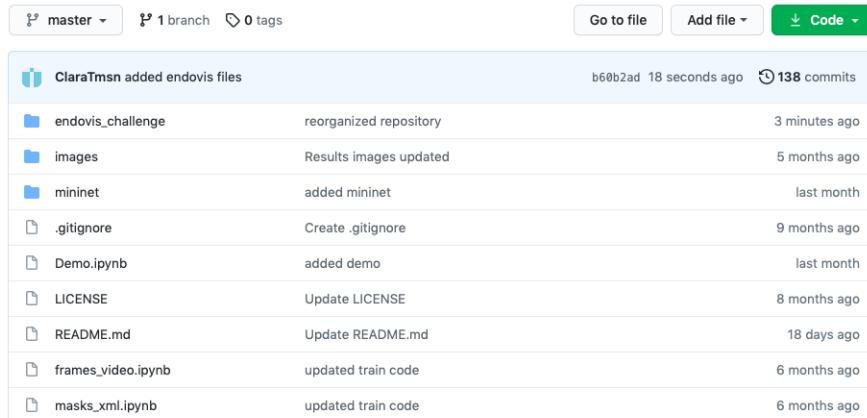
Vídeo E

Figura A.5: 49 frames aleatorios del vídeo E

Apéndice B

Estructura del código

En este apéndice se presenta la estructura del código desarrollado para la primera parte de segmentación de este trabajo. El código está recopilado en un repositorio GitHub propio del proyecto, privado de momento. En este repositorio se encuentra el código de entrenamiento para los 4 modelos de segmentación, dividido entre 2 repositorios para MiniNet y los otros 3 modelos (UNet, TernausNet-11 y LinkNet-34, repositorio endovis_challenge). Se añade a continuación el fichero *Readme* del repositorio, que resume el trabajo hecho para la parte de segmentación y el código disponible.



The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for a private repository. At the top, it displays 'master' branch, 1 branch, 0 tags, and 138 commits. Below this is a table of file changes:

ClaraTmsn added endovis files		b60b2ad 18 seconds ago	138 commits
endovis_challenge	reorganized repository	3 minutes ago	
images	Results images updated	5 months ago	
mininet	added mininet	last month	
.gitignore	Create .gitignore	9 months ago	
Demo.ipynb	added demo	last month	
LICENSE	Update LICENSE	8 months ago	
README.md	Update README.md	18 days ago	
frames_video.ipynb	updated train code	6 months ago	
masks_xml.ipynb	updated train code	6 months ago	

Figura B.1: Estructura del repositorio

README.md																																																																										
toolSegmentation																																																																										
This repository is built on a fork of project robot-surgery-segmentation (at https://github.com/ternaus/robot-surgery-segmentation), the official implementation of the paper																																																																										
[1] <i>Automatic Instrument Segmentation in Robot-Assisted Surgery using Deep Learning</i> . Shvets, Alexey A., et al. IEEE Int. Conf. on Machine Learning and Applications. 2018.																																																																										
The main goal is to obtain a tool segmentation model adapted to the requirements of the project EndoMapper .																																																																										
Authors																																																																										
Clara Tomasiní, León Barbed, Ana Murillo, Luis Riazuelo, Pablo Azagra																																																																										
How to run																																																																										
Fine-tuned models are available at https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1V0tD3U9jF4jPsPlZfU0LD3yXx0l8d8?usp=sharing . Best models obtained are Linknet models number 21 and 22 and Mininet.																																																																										
XML files containing masks coordinates for UCL frames are available at https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1blv1w320DhlB3AW0UWRPtlRgjIG4eph5?usp=sharing																																																																										
File <i>Demo.ipynb</i> provides an example of how to use the model in order to get a prediction for a given image using one of the models.																																																																										
Results																																																																										
All models were available pretrained on images similar to those of the Hamlyn dataset, and were then fine-tuned on more specific images from a different dataset (UCL). File <i>training.ipynb</i> shows how to fine-tune the models.																																																																										
The following table shows several representative examples of the segmentations obtained for images both from the Hamlyn dataset [2] and from the project sequences (UCL and HCULB). The results use different models (UNet, TernausNet-11 and LinkNet-34) with the original and our fine-tuned versions. They show how the models fine-tuned with a few project labeled frames (just from one labeled sequence) adapt adequately to situations of our target domain (UCL and HCULB).																																																																										
[2] <i>Three-dimensional tissue deformation recovery and tracking</i> . P. Mountney, D. Stoyanov, and G.-Z. Yang. IEEE Signal Processing Magazine, 27(4):14–24, 2010.																																																																										
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Similar to original domain images</th> <th colspan="3">Examples that are more different from original domain images</th> </tr> <tr> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Test image from Hamlyn [2]</th> <th>Test image from Hamlyn [2]</th> <th>Test image from project UCL sequences</th> <th>Test image from project UCL sequences</th> <th>Test image from project HCULB sequences</th> <th>Test image from project HCULB sequences</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Original frame</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Original model UNET (as trained in [1])</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Model UNET fine-tuned on our annotated frames</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Original model UNET-11 (as trained in [1])</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Model UNET-11 fine-tuned on our annotated frames</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Original model LinkNET-34 (as trained in [1])</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Model LinkNET-34 fine-tuned on our annotated frames</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>						Similar to original domain images		Examples that are more different from original domain images					Test image from Hamlyn [2]	Test image from Hamlyn [2]	Test image from project UCL sequences	Test image from project UCL sequences	Test image from project HCULB sequences	Test image from project HCULB sequences	Original frame								Original model UNET (as trained in [1])								Model UNET fine-tuned on our annotated frames								Original model UNET-11 (as trained in [1])								Model UNET-11 fine-tuned on our annotated frames								Original model LinkNET-34 (as trained in [1])								Model LinkNET-34 fine-tuned on our annotated frames							
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Figura B.2: Fichero *Readme* del repositorio

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