

ERRATUM • OPEN ACCESS

Erratum: Improving ANAIS-112 sensitivity to DAMA/LIBRA signal with machine learning techniques

To cite this article: I. Coarasa et al JCAP06(2023)E01

View the article online for updates and enhancements.

You may also like

- Improving ANAIS-112 sensitivity to DAMA/LIBRA signal with machine learning techniques
- I. Coarasa, J. Apilluelo, J. Amaré et al.
- <u>Review of magnetic nanostructures grown</u> by focused electron beam induced deposition (FEBID) J M De Teresa, A Fernández-Pacheco, R Córdoba et al.
- <u>Power comparator for continuous-time</u> adaptive equalization in Ethernet-based instrumentation E Guerrero, C Gimeno, C Sánchez-

E Guerrero, C Gimeno, C Sánchez-Azqueta et al. ournal of Cosmology and Astroparticle Physics

Erratum: Improving ANAIS-112 sensitivity to DAMA/LIBRA signal with machine learning techniques

^aCentro de Astropartículas y Física de Altas Energías (CAPA), Universidad de Zaragoza, Pedro Cerbuna 12, 50009 Zaragoza, Spain
^bLaboratorio Subterráneo de Canfranc, Paseo de los Ayerbe s.n., 22880 Canfranc Estación, Huesca, Spain
^cFundación ARAID, Av. de Ranillas 1D, 50018 Zaragoza, Spain
^dFundación CIRCE, Av. de Ranillas 3D, 50018 Zaragoza, Spain
^eEscuela Universitaria Politécnica de La Almunia de Doña Godina (EUPLA), Universidad de Zaragoza, Calle Mayor 5, La Almunia de Doña Godina, 50100 Zaragoza, Spain
E-mail: icoarasa@unizar.es, japilluelo@unizar.es, amare@unizar.es, scebrian@unizar.es, cintas@unizar.es, alfortiz@unizar.es, tpardo@unizar.es, puimedon@unizar.es, salinas@unizar.es, mlsarsa@unizar.es, pvillar@unizar.es

Received June 8, 2023 Accepted June 9, 2023 Published June 26, 2023

Erratum to: JCAP11(2022)048

ArXiv ePrint: 2209.14113

The original version of this article contained an error in the calculation of the sensitivity projection to the annual modulation signal observed by DAMA/LIBRA. Consequently, some sentences in the text, as well as figures 15 and 16 must be corrected.

In the abstract:

Incorrect: ... push the ANAIS-112 sensitivity to test the DAMA/LIBRA annual modulation result beyond 3σ with three-year exposure ...

Correct: ... push the ANAIS-112 sensitivity to test the DAMA/LIBRA annual modulation result around 3σ with three-year exposure ...

I. Coarasa,^{*a,b*} J. Apilluelo,^{*a*} J. Amaré,^{*a,b*} S. Cebrián,^{*a,b*} D. Cintas,^{*a,b*} E. García,^{*a,b*} M. Martínez,^{*a,b,c*} M.A. Oliván,^{*a,b,d*} Y. Ortigoza,^{*a,b,e*} A. Ortiz de Solórzano,^{*a,b*} T. Pardo,^{*a,b*} J. Puimedón,^{*a,b*} A. Salinas,^{*a,b*} M.L. Sarsa^{*a,b*} and P. Villar^{*a*}

In section 6 (page 22):

Incorrect: ... the ANAIS-112 experiment would test the DAMA/LIBRA annual modulation result beyond 3σ sensitivity by applying this new BDT filtering to the three-year exposure, being possible to achieve 5σ sensitivity by extending the data taking for 2–3 more years ...

Correct: ... the ANAIS-112 experiment would test the DAMA/LIBRA annual modulation result around 3σ sensitivity by applying this new BDT filtering to the three-year exposure, being possible to achieve 5σ sensitivity by extending the data taking for 3-4 more years ...

In conclusions (page 24):

Incorrect: ... pushing the ANAIS-112 sensitivity to test the DAMA/LIBRA annual modulation result beyond 3σ with three-year exposure.

Correct: ... pushing the ANAIS-112 sensitivity to test the DAMA/LIBRA annual modulation result around 3σ with three-year exposure.



Corrected figures 15 and 16 are shown here.

Figure 15. ANAIS-112 sensitivity to the DAMA/LIBRA signal in σ C.L. units as a function of real time in the [1,6] keV (a) and [2,6] keV (b) energy regions considering decreasing background after applying the BDT event selection. The cyan bands represent the 68% C.L. DAMA/LIBRA uncertainty.



Figure 16. ANAIS-112 sensitivity to the DAMA/LIBRA signal in σ C.L. units as a function of real time in the [1,6] keV (a) and [2,6] keV (b) energy regions considering decreasing background. The blue lines show our sensitivity projection derived from applying the previous ANAIS-112 filtering procedure, whereas the red lines display the expected sensitivity from applying the BDT method, as shown in figure 15.