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**Tesis Doctoral** 

## STUDY OF THE REACTIVITY OF ORGANOMETALLIC PLATINUM AND PALLADIUM COMPLEXES WITH BASIC PROPERTIES TOWARDS ELECTROPHILIC SPECIES ANEXO

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## **Supporting Information**

Doctoral Thesis

## Study of the Reactivity of Organometallic Platinum and Palladium Complexes with Basic Properties Towards Electrophilic Species

David Campillo Pérez

2022

### Supporting Information

for

# Chapter 1. Organometallic complexes with M-M' bonds as intermediates for bimetallic catalysis.

•	1. Crystal data and structural refinement	S2
•	2. IR, NMR and MS spectra of complexes	<b>S</b> 8
•	3. Computational details	S50
•	4. Comparison of relevant geometrical parameters obtained	S51
	from the X-Ray structure determinations and DFT calculations	
•	5. QTAIM analyses of the heteropolynuclear complexes	S57
•	6. References	S65

#### 1. Crystal data and structural refinement

Crystal data and other details of the structure analyses are presented in Tables S1.1 and S1.2. Suitable crystals for X-Ray diffraction studies were obtained by slow diffusion of *n*-hexane into concentrated solutions of the complexes in 3 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, CHCl<sub>3</sub> or acetone. Crystals were mounted at the end of a quartz fibre. The radiation used in all cases was graphite monochromated Mo-K<sub> $\alpha$ </sub> ( $\lambda$  = 71.073 pm). X-Ray intensity data were collected on an Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer. The diffraction frames were integrated and corrected from absorption by using the CrysAlis RED program.<sup>1</sup> The structures were solved by Patterson and Fourier methods and refined by full-matrix least squares on  $F^2$  with SHELXL.<sup>2</sup> All atoms were assigned anisotropic displacement parameters and refined without positional constraints. The positions of the H atoms were constrained to idealized geometries and assigned isotropic displacement parameters equal to 1.2 or 1.5 times the  $U_{iso}$  values of their respective parent atoms. Full-matrix least-squares refinement of the models against  $F^2$  converged to final residual indices given in Tables S1.1 and S1.2.

X-Ray structure determination of complex [Ag(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (AgP2). Figure S1.1 shows the structure of AgP2, and the caption lists the relevant structural parameters. Crystal data and other details of the structure analyses are presented in Table S1.1. Colourless suitable crystals for X-Ray diffraction studies were obtained by slow diffusion of *n*-hexane into concentrated solutions of 10\* in 3 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. A crystal was mounted at the end of a quartz fibre. The radiation used in was graphite monochromated Mo<sub>K</sub> $\alpha$  ( $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å). X-Ray intensity data were collected on an Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer. The diffraction frames were integrated and corrected from absorption by using the CrysAlis RED program.<sup>1</sup> The structures was solved by Patterson and Fourier methods and refined by full-matrix least squares on  $F^2$  with SHELXL-97.<sup>2</sup> All non-hydrogen atoms were assigned anisotropic displacement parameters and refined without positional constraints, except as noted below. All hydrogen atoms were constrained to idealized geometries and assigned isotropic displacement parameters equal to 1.2 times the  $U_{iso}$  values of their attached parent atoms. Full-matrix least-squares refinement of this models against  $F^2$  converged to final residual indices given in Table S1.1.



Figure S1.1. Crystal structure of the complex  $[Ag(PPh_3)_2](ClO_4)$  (AgP2). Relevant bond distances (Å), angles (°): Ag–P 2.4054(4), Ag–O(1) 2.5987(13). P'–Ag–P 137.783(19), P'–Ag–O(1') 122.14(3), P–Ag–O(1') 96.36(3), O(1)–Ag–O(1') 53.67(5). Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: -x+1/2, y, -z+1.

TableS1.1.Crystaldataandstructurerefinementforcomplexes $[(CNC)(PPh_3)PtAu(PPh_3)](ClO_4)$ (4), $[{Pt(CNC)(PPh_3)}_2Au](ClO_4) \cdot 0.5Me_2CO \cdot 0.5n - C_6H_{14}$ (6  $\cdot 0.5Me_2CO \cdot 0.5n - C_6H_{14}$ ), $[{Pt(CNC)(PPh_3)}_2Ag](ClO_4) \cdot 3CHCl_3$ (8  $\cdot 3CHCl_3$ ),and $[Ag(PPh_3)_2](ClO_4)$ (AgP2).

	4	$6 \cdot 0.5 \mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{CO} \cdot 0.5 n \cdot \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{14}$	8·3CHCl <sub>3</sub>	AgP2
Formula	C <sub>53</sub> H <sub>41</sub> AuClNO <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> Pt	C70H52AuClN2O4P2Pt	C <sub>70</sub> H <sub>52</sub> AgClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> Pt	$C_{36}H_{30}AgClO_4P_2$
		$\cdot 0.5 Me_2 CO \cdot 0.5 n - C_6 H_{14}$	·3CHCl <sub>3</sub>	
$M_t$	1245.31	1741.80	1938.68	731.86
Crystal system	orthorhombic	triclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic
Space group	$Pna2_1$	<i>P</i> -1	$P2_l/c$	<i>I</i> 2/ <i>a</i>
a/Å	16.6765(2)	14.1516(2)	23.6417(3)	14.9083(3)
b/Å	13.1713(1)	14.2469(2)	18.9314(2)	9.5290(2)
$c/\text{\AA}$	20.8357(2)	17.2010(2)	15.7338(2)	22.6955(5)
a/°	90	88.413(1)	90	90
$\beta^{ m o}$	90	83.236(1)	92.558(1)	100.688(2)
$\gamma^{\prime o}$	90	71.894(1)	90	90
$V/\text{\AA}^3$	4576.59(8)	3273.19(8)	7034.94(14)	3168.22(11)
Ζ	4	2	4	4
$D_c/\mathrm{g~cm^{-3}}$	1.807	1.767	1.830	1.534
<i>T</i> /K	100(1)	100(1)	80(1)	100(1)
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	6.431	6.641	4.719	0.861

<i>F</i> (000)	2408	1682	3768	1488
$2\theta$ range/°	8.8-57.6	8.4-59.6	8.4-59.6	6.6-58.7
Collected reflections	26496	70706	87001	17872
Unique reflections	10324	17073	18492	3931
R <sub>int</sub>	0.0249	0.0281	0.0312	0.0332
$R_1, wR_2^a (I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0191, 0.0415	0.0242, 0.0541	0.0289, 0.0606	0.0240, 0.0559
$R_1$ , $wR_2^a$ (all data)	0.0202, 0.0420	0.0297, 0.0565	0.0373, 0.0641	0.0278, 0.0574
GOF $(F^2)^b$	1.060	1.062	1.085	1.037
Abs. struct. par.	-0.006(3)	-	-	-

 $\overline{{}^{a} R_{1} = \sum (|F_{o}| - |F_{c}|) / \sum |F_{o}|} wR_{2} = \left[\sum w (F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2})^{2} / \sum w (F_{o}^{2})^{2}\right]^{1/2} Goodness-of-fit = \left[\sum w (F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2})^{2} / (n_{obs} - n_{param})\right]^{1/2}$ 

Table S1.2. Crystal data and structure refinement for complexes  $[Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)]$  (2),  $[Pd(CNC-H)Cl(PPh_3)]$  (3·1.5CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), $[(CNC)(PPh_3)PdAu(PPh_3)](ClO_4)$  (5·3CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>),  $[\{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)\}_2Au](ClO_4)·1.9CH_2Cl_2$  (7·1.9CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>),  $[\{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)\}_2Ag](ClO_4)$ (9·CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>).

	2	3.1.5CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	5·3CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	7·1.9CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	9·CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>
Formula	C <sub>35</sub> H <sub>26</sub> NPPd	C <sub>35</sub> H <sub>27</sub> ClNPPd	C56H47AuCl7NO4P2Pd	$C_{70}H_{52}AuClN_2O_4P_2Pd_2$	C70H52AgClN2O4P2Pd2
		$\cdot 1.5 CH_2 Cl_2$	$\cdot 3CH_2Cl_2$	$\cdot 1.9CH_2Cl_2$	$\cdot CH_2Cl_2$
$M_t$	597.94	761.78	1411.40	1653.65	1488.12
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic	triclinic
Space group	$P2_{1}/c$	12/a	$P2_{1}/n$	<i>I</i> 2/ <i>a</i>	P-1
a/Å	13.96167(2)	22.1187(3)	17.21447(2)	17.5256(3)	14.0983(3)
$b/{ m \AA}$	9.43318(1)	12.02149(1)	16.3255(2)	16.9649(2)	14.6782(3)
$c/{ m \AA}$	20.5922(2)	25.0247(3)	20.2005(2)	23.6574(4)	16.5030(3)
<i>a</i> /°	90	90	90	90	64.1658(2)
$eta/^{\mathrm{o}}$	95.6222(1)	104.3641(1)	100.7889(1)	99.3584(2)	89.3190(1)
$\gamma^{\prime o}$	90	90	90	90	74.0900(5)
$V/Å^3$	2699.01(6)	6446.02(1)	5576.68(1)	6940.23(2)	2933.14(1)
Ζ	4	8	4	4	2
$D_c/\mathrm{g~cm^{-3}}$	1.472	1.570	1.681	1.583	1.685
T/K	100(2)	100(2)	150(2)	100(2)	100(2)
$\mu/\text{mm}^{-1}$	0.772	0.985	3.389	2.900	1.183
<i>F</i> (000)	1216	3080	2784	3263	1492

$2\theta$ range/°	6.7-60.5	6.7-64.9	6.5-58.8	4.7-56.7	6.5-58.9
Collected reflections	34864	53190	61933	68049	64746
Unique reflections	7401	10987	13616	15159	14514
R <sub>int</sub>	0.0313	0.0203	0.0346	0.0458	0.0304
$R_1, wR_2^a (I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0244, 0.0613	0.0372, 0.1074	0.0308, 0.0691	0.0425, 0.1061	0.0303, 0.0707
$R_1$ , $wR_2^a$ (all data)	0.0281, 0.0638	0.0396, 0.1093	0.0385, 0.0728	0.0600, 0.1156	0.0367, 0.0743
GOF $(F^2)^b$	1.029	1.012	1.019	1.055	1.034

 ${}^{a} R_{1} = \sum (|F_{o}| - |F_{c}|) / \sum |F_{o}|. wR_{2} = \left[\sum w (F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2})^{2} / \sum w (F_{o}^{2})^{2}\right]^{1/2}. {}^{b} \text{ Goodness-of-fit} = \left[\sum w (F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2})^{2} / (n_{obs} - n_{param})\right]^{1/2}.$ 



2. IR, NMR and MS spectra of complexes 2.1. Spectra of complex [Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (2).

Figure S1.2. IR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (2).



Figure S1.3. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (2).



Figure S1.4.  ${}^{1}H{}^{-1}H$  COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (2).



Figure S1.5.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (2).



Figure S1.6.  ${}^{1}H{}^{-13}C$  HSQC NMR (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) spectrum of complex [Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (2).



Figure S1.7.  ${}^{1}H{}^{-13}C$  HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (2).



Figure S1.8. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (2).



Figure S1.9. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex [Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (2).



2.2. Spectra of complex [Pd(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (3).

Figure S1.10. IR spectrum of complex [Pd(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (3).



**Figure S1.11.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**3**).



**Figure S1.12.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**3**).



Figure S1.13.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (3).



**Figure S1.14.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**3**).



**Figure S1.15.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**3**).



Figure S1.16. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (3).



Figure S1.17. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex [Pd(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (3).



2.3. Spectra of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PtAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (4).

Figure S1.18. IR spectrum of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PtAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (4).





Figure S1.21. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 293K) of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PtAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (4).



Figure S1.22. <sup>195</sup>Pt{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR spectra ( $CD_2Cl_2$ , 193K top and 293K bottom) of complex [(CNC)( $PPh_3$ )PtAu( $PPh_3$ )]( $ClO_4$ ) (4).



[(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PtAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (4).



2.4. Spectra of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PdAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (5).

Figure S1.24. IR spectrum of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PdAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (5).



Figure S1.25. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum  $(CD_2Cl_2, RT)$  of complex  $[(CNC)(PPh_3)PdAu(PPh_3)](ClO_4)$  (5).



Figure S1.26.  ${}^{1}H{}^{-1}H$  COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PdAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (5).



Figure S1.27.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PdAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (5).



Figure S1.28.  ${}^{1}H{}^{-13}C$  HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PdAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (5).



Figure S1.29.  ${}^{1}H{}^{-13}C$  HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PdAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (5).



Figure S1.30. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PdAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (5).



<sup>[(</sup>CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PdAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**5**).



Figure S1.32. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PdAu(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (5).



2.5. Spectra of complex [{Pt(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Au](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (6).

Figure S1.33. IR spectrum of complex [{Pt(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Au](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (6).





35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3

Figure S1.36.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H{}$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 203K) of complex [{Pt(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Au](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (6).



Figure S1.37.  $^{195}Pt\{^{1}H\}$  NMR spectra (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 193K top, 298K bottom, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) of complex [{Pt(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Au](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (6).



**Figure S1.38.** MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex [{Pt(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Au](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (6).

Chapter 1 S30



#### 2.6. Spectra of complex [{Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Au](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (7).





Figure S1.40. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex  $[{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)}_2Au](ClO_4)$  (7).



Figure S1.41.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [ $Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)$ <sub>2</sub>Au](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (7).



Figure S1.42. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex  $[{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)}_2Au](ClO_4)$  (7).


2.7. Spectra of complex [{Pt(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Ag](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (8).

Figure S1.43. IR spectrum of complex  $[{Pt(CNC)(PPh_3)}_2Ag](ClO_4)$  (8).





Figure S1.46.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 293K) of complex [{Pt(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Ag](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (8).



Figure S1.47.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 193K) of complex  $[{Pt(CNC)(PPh_3)}_2Ag](ClO_4)$  (8).





Figure S1.49.  $^{195}$ Pt{ $^{1}$ H} NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 293K) of complex [{Pt(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Ag](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (8).



Figure S1.50.  ${}^{195}Pt{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 193K) of complex [{Pt(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Ag](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (8).



Figure \$1.51. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex [{Pt(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Ag](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (8).



2.8. Spectra of complex [{Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Ag](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (9).

Figure S1.52. IR spectrum of complex [{Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Ag](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (9).



Figure S1.53. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum  $(CD_2Cl_2, RT)$  of complex  $[{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)}_2Ag](ClO_4)$  (9).



Figure S1.54.  ${}^{1}H^{-1}H$  COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [ $\{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)\}_2Ag$ ](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (9).





Figure S1.56.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 193K) of complex [ ${Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)}_{2}Ag$ ](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (9).



Figure S1.57.  $^{1}H^{-13}C$  HSQC NMR spectrum (RT, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) of complex [ $\{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)\}_2Ag$ ](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (9).



Figure S1.58.  ${}^{1}H{}^{-13}C$  HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [ $\{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)\}_2Ag$ ](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (9).



Figure S1.59. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [{Pd(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>Ag](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (9).



Figure S1.60. <sup>1</sup>H VT NMR (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) of complex  $[{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)}_2Ag](ClO_4)$  (9).



Figure S1.61.  ${}^{1}H^{-1}H$  COSY NMR (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 173K) of complex [ $\{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)\}_2Ag$ ](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (9).



Figure S1.62. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex  $[{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)}_2Ag](ClO_4)$  (9).



## 2.9. Spectra of mixture 10\*.

Figure S1.63. IR spectrum of mixture 10\*.



Figure S1.64.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 293K) of mixture 10\*.



Figure S1.66.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>,183K) of mixture 10\*.

Chapter 1 S45

-3980 -4000 -4020 -4040 -4060 -4080 -4100 -4120 -4140 -4160 -4200 -4220 -4180 [ppm] Figure S1.67. <sup>195</sup>Pt $\{^{1}H\}$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 293K) of mixture 10\*.

-3970 -3990 -4010 -4030 -4050 -4070 -4090 -4110 -4130 -4150 -4170 -4190 -4210 -4230 -4250 -4270 -4290 [ppm]

Figure S1.68. <sup>195</sup>Pt $\{^{1}H\}$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>,193K) of mixture 10\*.

•

## 2.10. Spectra of mixture 11\*.



Figure S1.69. IR spectrum of mixture 11\*.



Figure S1.70. <sup>1</sup>H VT NMR spectra (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) of mixture 11\*.



Figure S1.71.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  VT NMR spectra (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) of mixture 11\*.



Figure S1.72.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 173K) of mixture 11\*.



Figure S1.73. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 173K) comparison of  $[{Pd(CNC)(PPh_3)}_2Ag](ClO_4)$  (9) (above) and mixture 11\* (below).



Figure S1.74. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex [(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)PdAg(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (11).

#### 3. Computational details

Density Functional Theory (DFT) calculations were carried out with the Gaussian 16 suite of programs,<sup>3</sup> using the BP-86 density functional<sup>4</sup> together with Grimme's D3 dispersion correction.<sup>5</sup> The ECP-60-mwb pseudopotential<sup>6</sup> was used for platinum and gold, the ECP-28mwb pseudopotential was used for palladium and silver.<sup>6</sup> and the  $6-31G(d)^7$  basis set was used for all other atoms. Geometry optimizations were performed without any symmetry constraint, either in  $CH_2Cl_2$  by using the solvation model based on density (SMD)<sup>8</sup> or in the gas phase. Stationary points were characterized by calculating the Hessian matrix analytically to confirm that all species are minima (no imaginary frequencies) or transition states (one single imaginary frequency) on the potential energy surface. The BP86-D3 optimized structures obtained were subsequently used for the following analyses: Wiberg Bond Indexes (WBI) were calculated by using the NBO analysis option as incorporated in Gaussian 16. Quantum Theory of the Atoms In Molecules (QTAIM) topological analyses of the electron densities were performed with the AIMAll package.<sup>9</sup> Energy Decomposition Analysis (EDA) studies were carried out with the Turbomole 7.1 program package,<sup>10</sup> using the same version of the functional BP86-D3 as implemented in Gaussian 16 and the def2-TZVP basis set.<sup>11</sup> Specifically, the generalized Kohn-Sham (GKS) scheme, i.e., GKS-EDA, was used, as implemented in the Turbomole package.<sup>12</sup> Atomic coordinates (x, y, z) for the optimized structures in the gas phase are included in a separate file (*DFT-chapter1.xyz*).

### 4. Comparison of relevant geometrical parameters obtained from the X-Ray structure determinations and DFT calculations.

 Table S1.3. Comparison of some distances (Å) and angles (°) of for complexes 4, 6, 8 and 10 obtained from the X-Ray structure determinations (white columns) and DFT calculations (blue columns).

	[(CNC)(PPh (ClC	3)PtAu(PPh3)] D4) ( <b>4</b> )	[{Pt(CNC)(PP	h3)}2Au](ClO4) 6)	[{Pt(CNC)(PP	h3)}2Ag](ClO4) 8)	[(CNC)(PPh <sub>3</sub> (ClO4	a)PtAg(PPh <sub>3</sub> )]
М–М'	2.72221(2)	2.780	2.72965(2) 2.74259(2)	2.777 2.777	2.8549(3) 2.9078(3)	2.849 2.849	-	2.798
М–Са	2.158(3)	2.255	2.212(3) 2.244(3)	2.244 2.243	2.128(3) 2.125(3)	2.165 2.165	-	2.177
M'–C <sub>A</sub>	2.225(3)	2.208	2.174(3) 2.157(3)	2.177 2.177	2.277(3) 2.258(3)	2.236 2.237	-	2.246
М-Св	2.063(3)	2.058	2.051(3) 2.045(3)	2.058 2.058	2.055(3) 2.056(3)	2.074 2.074	-	2.075
M–N	2.036(3)	2.067	2.035(3) 2.034(3)	2.066 2.066	2.020(3) 2.023(3)	2.059 2.059	-	2.064
М-Рм	2.2433(9)	2.275	2.2477(8) 2.2364(8)	2.275 2.275	2.2327(8) 2.2357(8)	2.274 2.274	-	2.275
M'-P <sub>M'</sub>	2.2422(9)	2.294	-	-	-	-	-	2.351
Са-М'-Са	-	-	176.75(1)	176.53	173.96(1)	167.22	-	-
N–M–C <sub>A</sub>	78.95(1)	78.05	78.64(1) 78.40(1)	77.84 77.85	79.28(1) 79.68(1)	78.63 78.63	-	78.66
N–M–C <sub>B</sub>	80.04(1)	80.01	79.95(1)	79.80	80.38(1)	79.75	-	79.93

Chapter	1	<i>S52</i>
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			80.27(1)	79.81	80.07(1)	79.75		
Са-М-Св	156.30(1)	157.44	155.99(1)	155.23	158.13(1)	155.25		157.70
			157.71(1)	155.22	158.62(1)	155.25	-	
174 (CN M D	173.92(8)	175.68	176.31(8)	175.31	175.31(8)	174.91		174.66
174.00IN-IVI-FM			175.82(8)	175.31	175.70(8)	174.91		1/4.00
$M-M'-(P_{M'} \text{ or } M)$	152.38(2)	128.17	131.425(6)	123.74	126.834(9)	116.26	-	125.41
C <sub>A</sub> -M'-(P <sub>M'</sub> or M)	153.25(8)	172.34	121.70(9)	125.80	129.80(8)	122.94		171.22
			130.45(8)	125.81	129.17(8)	122.97	-	1/1.52

 Table S1.4. Comparison of some distances (Å) and angles (°) of for complexes 5, 7, 9, 11 obtained from the X-Ray structure determinations (white columns) and DFT calculations (blue columns).

	[(CNC)(PPh (ClC	3)PdAu(PPh3)] D4) ( <b>5</b> )	[{Pd(CNC)(PPh <sub>3</sub> )} <sub>2</sub> Au](ClO <sub>4</sub> ) (7)		[{Pd(CNC)(PPh <sub>3</sub> )} <sub>2</sub> Ag](ClO <sub>4</sub> ) (9)		[(CNC)(PPh <sub>3</sub> )PdAg(PPh <sub>3</sub> )](ClO <sub>4</sub> ) (11)	
М–М'	2.7422(3)	2.755	2.7366(4) 2.7491(4)	2.746 2.746	2.8597(2) 2.9419(2)	2.772 2.811	-	2.753
М–Са	2.393(3)	2.438	2.498(5) 2.419(5)	2.509 2.509	2.143(2) 2.164(2)	2.176 2.213	-	2.206
М'-СА	2.119(3)	2.130	2.098(5) 2.108(5)	2.118 2.118	2.239(2) 2.212(2)	2.250 2.204	-	2.216
М-Св	2.031(3)	2.036	2.020(5) 2.029(5)	2.028 2.028	2.072(2) 2.071(2)	2.072 2.065	-	2.067
M–N	2.033(2)	2.056	2.033(4) 2.041(4)	2.054 2.054	2.021(2) 2.026(2)	2.044 2.044	-	2.048
M–P <sub>M</sub>	2.2646(8)	2.290	2.2686(14) 2.2717(13)	2.287 2.287	2.2578(6) 2.2473(6)	2.292 2.292	-	2.291
М'-Рм'	2.2736(8)	2.315	-	-	-	-	-	2.355
С <sub>А</sub> -М'-С <sub>А</sub>	-	-	175.2(2)	176.58	168.32(9)	171.61	-	-
N–M–C <sub>A</sub>	77.18(11)	76.83	76.53(17) 77.44(18)	76.56 76.56	79.79(8) 79.45(8)	79.14 78.88	-	78.87
N-M-C <sub>B</sub>	80.66(12)	80.59	80.79(19) 80.5(2)	80.69 80.70	80.29(8) 80.70(9)	80.46 79.90	-	80.36
С <sub>А</sub> -М-С <sub>В</sub>	157.68(12)	157.24	157.3(2)	157.25	159.25(9)	158.87	-	158.57

			157.9(2)	157.25	158.74(9)	155.96		
N–M–P <sub>M</sub>	176.01(8)	177.00	173.47(12)	175.49	176.15(6)	177.55	173	173 58
			174.62(12)	175.50	174.00(6)	175.21	_	175.50
$M-M'-(P_{M'} \text{ or } M)$	127.87(2)	124.20	128.66(1)	123.92	132.77(1)	120.01	-	126.33
$C_A$ –M'–( $P_M$ ' or M)	173.82(8)	176.90	125.83(14)	121.37	124.21(6)	122.42	_	172 94
			120.26(13)	121.37	129.30(6)	126.90	-	172.74

	[	(CNC)(PPh3)M	M'(PPh3)](ClO4	4)		[{M(CNC)(PP	h3)}2M'](ClO4)	
	M = Pd, M' = Ag (11- DFT) (a)	M = Pt, M' = Ag (10- <b>DFT</b> ) (a)	M = Pd, M' = Au (5) (b)	M = Pt, M' = Au(4) (b)	M = Pd, M' = Ag (9) (b)	M = Pt, M' = Ag (8) (b)	M = Pd, M' = Au (7) (b)	M = Pt, M' = Au (6) (b)
M–M'	2.753	2.798	2.7422(3)	2.7222(2)	2.8597(2) 2.9419(2)	2.8549(3) 2.9078(3)	2.7366(4) 2.7491(4)	2.7297(2) 2.7426(2)
M–C <sub>A</sub>	2.206	2.177	2.393(3)	2.158(3)	2.143(2) 2.164(2)	2.128(3) 2.125(3)	2.498(5) 2.419(5)	2.212(3) 2.244(3)
М'-СА	2.216	2.246	2.119(3)	2.225(3)	2.239(2) 2.212(2)	2.277(3) 2.258(3)	2.098(5) 2.108(5)	2.174(3) 2.157(3)
M–C <sub>B</sub>	2.067	2.075	2.031(3)	2.063(3)	2.072(2) 2.071(2)	2.055(3) 2.056(3)	2.020(5) 2.029(5)	2.051(3) 2.045(3)
Са-М'-Са	-	-	-	-	168.32(9)	173.96(12)	175.2(2)	176.75(12)
C <sub>C</sub> –C <sub>A</sub> -M	157.7	163.0	140.7	160.45	160.9 162.4	164.2 165.6	135.5 131.0	153.7 152.0
C <sub>C</sub> –C <sub>A</sub> -M'	123.2	115.7	143.1	120.1	111.7 111.2	110.7 106.3	149.3 156.0	127.5 128.9
M–M'– (P or M)	126.3	125.4	127.87(2)	152.38(2)	132.77(1)	126.83(1)	128.66(1)	131.43(1)
M plane– N ring plane	13.2	11.5	12.7(1)	13.2(1)	7.8(1) 8.0(1)	11.5(1) 9.8(1)	8.8(1) 6.1(1)	11.4(1) 12.8(1)
M plane– C <sub>A</sub> ring plane	25.1	20.2	38.9 (1)	27.7(1)	18.7(1) 24.1(1)	18.9(1) 15.4(1)	48.1(1) 43.0(1)	28.9(1) 31.9(1)

**Table S1.5.** Some geometrical parameters used as descriptors for the structures of the complexes described in this chapter. Distances are given in Å and angles and dihedral angles in degrees. The nomenclature used for the atoms is represented in the scheme below.

M plane– C <sub>B</sub> ring plane	13.3	11.0	12.9(1)	11.4(1)	11.1(1) 4.1(1)	13.3(1) 11.5(1)	6.4(1) 4.0(1)	12.5(1) 10.4(1)
M plane– M plane	-		-	-	4.3(1)	0.6(1)	8.8(1)	4.0(1)

(a) DFT structure, DFT/BP86-D3 level, gas phase. (b) X-Ray structure. M plane =  $MC_BNP$ .





5. QTAIM analyses (DFT/BP86-D3 level, gas phase) of the heteropolynuclear complexes.



**Figure S1.75.** Contour line diagrams  $\nabla^2 \rho(\mathbf{r})$  for the cation of complex **6-DFT** in the Au–C–Pt plane (solid lines connecting nuclei: Bond Paths; green dots: Bond Critical Points) (a). Detail of the complex core (b).



a)

**Figure S1.76.** Contour line diagrams  $\nabla^2 \rho(\mathbf{r})$  for the cation of complex **8-DFT** in the Ag–C–Pt plane (solid lines connecting nuclei: Bond Paths; green dots: Bond Critical Points) (a). Detail of the complex core (b).

		4-DFT	- Pt-Au						
вср (А-в)	Pt-Au	Pt-CA	Pt-C <sub>B</sub>	Ca-Au					
$\rho(\mathbf{r})$ (au)	0.049	0.087	0.133	0.090					
$\nabla^2 \rho(\mathbf{r})$	0.123	0.136	0.139	0.142					
Ellipt	0.545	0.130	0.062	0.104					
BL (Å)	2.78	2.26	2.06	2.21					
BPL (Å)	2.78	2.26	2.06	2.21					
<i>G</i> (r) (au)	0.040	0.063	0.097	0.067					
<i>V</i> (r) (au)	-0.048	-0.092	-0.159	-0.098					
<i>H</i> (r) (au)	-0.008	-0.029	-0.062	-0.031					
$G(\mathbf{r})/\rho(\mathbf{r})$	0.81	0.72	0.73	0.74					
	10-DFT - Pt-Ag								
DCP (A-D)	Pt-Ag	Pt-C <sub>A</sub>	Pt-C <sub>B</sub>	C <sub>A</sub> -Ag					
$ ho(\mathbf{r})$ (au)	-	0.104	0.130	0.071					
$ abla^2  ho(\mathbf{r})$	-	0.154	0.149	0.156					
Ellipt	-	0.099	0.056	0.158					
BL (Å)	2.80	2.18	2.08	2.25					
BPL (Å)	-	2.18	2.07	2.26					
<i>G</i> (r) (au)	-	0.078	0.096	0.057					
<i>V</i> (r) (au)	-	-0.118	-0.154	-0.076					
<i>H</i> (r) (au)	-	-0.040	-0.058	-0.019					
$G(\mathbf{r})/\rho(\mathbf{r})$	-	0.75	0.74	0.80					

 Table S1.6. Topological characteristics of selected critical points in complexes 4-DFT

 and 10-DFT.

			6	-DFT - Pt-	Au-Pt					
DCF (A-D)	Pt-Au	Pt-Au	Pt-CA	Pt-CA	Pt-C <sub>B</sub>	Pt-C <sub>B</sub>	CA-Au	CA-Au		
$\rho(\mathbf{r})$ (au)	0.050	0.050	0.090	0.090	0.134	0.134	0.095	0.095		
$ abla^2  ho(\mathbf{r})$	0.123	0.123	0.133	0.133	0.142	0.142	0.145	0.145		
Ellipt	0.731	0.734	0.118	0.118	0.051	0.051	0.094	0.094		
BL (Å)	2.78	2.78	2.24	2.24	2.06	2.06	2.18	2.18		
BPL (Å)	2.78	2.78	2.25	2.25	2.06	2.06	2.18	2.18		
<i>G</i> (r) (au)	0.040	0.040	0.064	0.064	0.097	0.097	0.071	0.071		
<i>V</i> (r) (au)	-0.049	-0.049	-0.095	-0.095	-0.160	-0.160	-0.107	-0.107		
<i>H</i> (r) (au)	-0.009	-0.009	-0.031	-0.031	-0.063	-0.063	-0.036	-0.036		
$G(\mathbf{r})/\rho(\mathbf{r})$	0.80	0.80	0.71	0.71	0.72	0.72	0.75	0.75		
	8-DFT - Pt-Ag-Pt									
BCP (A-B)	Pt-Ag	Pt-Ag	Pt-C <sub>A</sub>	Pt-C <sub>A</sub>	Pt-C <sub>B</sub>	Pt-C <sub>B</sub>	C <sub>A</sub> -Ag	C <sub>A</sub> -Ag		
$\rho(\mathbf{r})$ (au)	-	-	0.107	0.107	0.130	0.130	0.072	0.072		
$ abla^2  ho(\mathbf{r})$	-	-	0.153	0.153	0.151	0.151	0.158	0.158		
Ellipt	-	-	0.089	0.089	0.047	0.047	0.140	0.140		
BL (Å)	2.85	2.85	2.17	2.17	2.07	2.07	2.24	2.24		
BPL (Å)	-	-	2.17	2.17	2.07	2.07	2.25	2.25		
<i>G</i> (r) (au)	-	-	0.080	0.080	0.096	0.096	0.059	0.059		
V(r) (au)	-	-	-0.121	-0.121	-0.155	-0.155	-0.078	-0.078		
H(r) (au)	-	-	-0.041	-0.041	-0.059	-0.059	-0.019	-0.019		
$G(\mathbf{r})/\rho(\mathbf{r})$	-	-	0.75	0.75	0.74	0.74	0.82	0.82		

 Table S1.7. Topological characteristics of selected critical points in complexes 6-DFT

 and 8-DFT.

Chapter 1 S61



**Figure S1.77.** Contour line diagrams  $\nabla^2 \rho(\mathbf{r})$  for the cation of complex **7-DFT** in the Au–C–Pd plane (solid lines connecting nuclei: Bond Paths; green dots: Bond Critical Points) (a). Detail of the complex core (b).



a)



**Figure S1.78.** Contour line diagrams  $\nabla^2 \rho(\mathbf{r})$  for the cation of complex **9-DFT** in the Ag–C–Pd plane (solid lines connecting nuclei: Bond Paths; green dots: Bond Critical Points) (a). Detail of the complex core (b).

		5-DFT	- Pd-Au					
ВСР (А-В)	Pd-Au	Pd-CA	Pd-C <sub>B</sub>	Ca-Au				
$\rho(\mathbf{r})$ (au)	0.045	0.052	0.124	0.110				
$\nabla^2 \rho(\mathbf{r})$	0.113	0.116	0.163	0.154				
Ellipt	0.275	0.313	0.063	0.062				
BL (Å)	2.76	2.44	2.04	2.13				
BPL (Å)	2.76	2.45	2.04	2.13				
<i>G</i> (r) (au)	0.036	0.038	0.091	0.082				
<i>V</i> (r) (au)	-0.044	-0.047	-0.142	-0.126				
H(r) (au)	-0.008	-0.009	-0.050	-0.044				
$G(\mathbf{r})/\rho(\mathbf{r})$	0.80	0.73	0.74	0.75				
	11-DFT - Pd-Ag							
DCP (A-D)	Pd-Ag	Pd-C <sub>A</sub>	Pd-C <sub>B</sub>	C <sub>A</sub> -Ag				
$\rho(\mathbf{r})$ (au)	-	0.086	0.117	0.077				
$\nabla^2 \rho(\mathbf{r})$	-	0.172	0.178	0.164				
Ellipt	-	0.097	0.050	0.125				
BL (Å)	2.75	2.21	2.07	2.21				
BPL (Å)	-	2.21	2.07	2.23				
<i>G</i> (r) (au)	-	0.068	0.090	0.062				
<i>V</i> (r) (au)	-	-0.093	-0.135	-0.083				
<i>H</i> (r) (au)	-	-0.025	-0.045	-0.021				
$C(\mathcal{M})$		0.70	0.76	0.81				

 Table S1.8. Topological characteristics of selected critical points in complexes 5-DFT

 and 11-DFT.

			7-	DFT - Pd-	Au-Pd					
DCF (A-D)	Pd-Au	Pd-Au	Pd-C <sub>A</sub>	Pd-CA	Pd-C <sub>B</sub>	Pd-C <sub>B</sub>	CA-Au	CA-Au		
$\rho(\mathbf{r})$ (au)	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.126	0.126	0.113	0.113		
$ abla^2  ho(\mathbf{r})$	0.114	0.114	0.104	0.104	0.161	0.161	0.166	0.166		
Ellipt	0.161	0.161	0.554	0.554	0.067	0.067	0.055	0.055		
BL (Å)	2.75	2.75	2.51	2.51	2.00	2.00	2.12	2.12		
BPL (Å)	2.75	2.75	2.53	2.53	2.03	2.03	2.12	2.12		
<i>G</i> (r) (au)	0.037	0.037	0.033	0.033	0.092	0.092	0.088	0.088		
<i>V</i> (r) (au)	-0.045	-0.045	-0.039	-0.039	-0.144	-0.144	-0.134	-0.134		
<i>H</i> (r) (au)	-0.008	-0.008	-0.006	-0.006	-0.052	-0.052	-0.046	-0.046		
$G(\mathbf{r})/\rho(\mathbf{r})$	0.80	0.80	0.71	0.71	0.73	0.73	0.78	0.78		
	9-DFT - Pd-Ag-Pd									
BCP (A-B)	Pd-Ag	Pd-Ag	Pd-C <sub>A</sub>	Pd-C <sub>A</sub>	Pd-C <sub>B</sub>	Pd-C <sub>B</sub>	C <sub>A</sub> -Ag	C <sub>A</sub> -Ag		
$\rho(\mathbf{r})$ (au)	-	-	0.085	0.092	0.118	0.116	0.079	0.071		
$ abla^2  ho(\mathbf{r})$		-	0.085	0.180	0.177	0.182	0.169	0.157		
Ellipt	-	-	0.089	0.081	0.044	0.051	0.107	0.134		
BL (Å)	2.77	2.81	2.18	2.21	2.07	2.06	2.25	2.20		
BPL (Å)	-	-	2.22	2.18	2.07	2.07	2.21	2.26		
<i>G</i> (r) (au)	-	-	0.066	0.073	0.090	0.090	0.064	0.057		
V(r) (au)	-	-	-0.090	-0.101	-0.135	-0.134	-0.086	-0.075		
<i>H</i> (r) (au)	-	-	-0.024	-0.028	-0.045	-0.044	-0.022	-0.018		
$G(\mathbf{r})/\rho(\mathbf{r})$	-	-	0.78	0.80	0.76	0.77	0.82	0.81		

 Table S1.9. Topological characteristics of selected critical points in complexes 7-DFT

 and 9-DFT.

#### 6. References

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# Supporting Information

for

# Chapter 2. Reactivity of platinum(II) and palladium(II) cyclometallated substrates toward sources of H<sup>+</sup>.

•	1. Crystal data and structural refinement	S2
•	2. IR, NMR and MS spectra of complexes	S12
•	3. Computational details	S67
•	4. References	S68
## 1. Crystal data and structural refinement

Crystal data and other details of the structure analyses are presented in Tables S2.1, S2.2, S2.3 and S2.4. Suitable crystals for X-Ray diffraction studies were obtained by slow diffusion of *n*-hexane into concentrated solutions of the complexes in 3 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. Crystals were mounted at the end of a quartz fibre. The radiation used in all cases was graphite monochromated Mo-K<sub> $\alpha$ </sub> ( $\lambda$  = 71.073 pm). X-Ray intensity data were collected on an Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer. The diffraction frames were integrated and corrected from absorption by using the CrysAlis RED program.<sup>1</sup> The structures were solved by Patterson and Fourier methods and refined by full-matrix least squares on  $F^2$  with SHELXL.<sup>2</sup> All atoms were assigned anisotropic displacement parameters and refined without positional constraints. The positions of the H atoms were constrained to idealised geometries and assigned isotropic displacement parameters equal to 1.2 or 1.5 times the  $U_{iso}$  values of their respective parent atoms. Full-matrix least-squares refinement of the models against  $F^2$  converged to final residual indices given in Tables S2.1, S2.2, S2.3 and S2.4.

	13	14	15	16
Formula	C <sub>35</sub> H <sub>27</sub> ClNPPt	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>18</sub> ClNOPtS	C37H30ClN2O4PPt	C <sub>37</sub> H <sub>30</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> PPd
$M_t$	723.08	538.94	828.14	739.45
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	triclinic	triclinic
Space group	$P2_{1}/c$	$P2_{1}/c$	P-1	P-1
a/Å	9.31510(1)	15.1106(2)	9.6378(3)	9.6825(8)
b/Å	32.4661(4)	7.33207(1)	10.3379(2)	10.3491(9)
c/Å	10.0041(2)	32.5266(4)	15.9509(3)	15.9544(1)
a/°	90	90	95.5802(2)	95.7980(1)
β/°	109.621(2)	95.6212(1)	98.606(2)	98.6970(1)
γ/ <sup>0</sup>	90	90	93.6794(2)	93.5820(1)
V/Å <sup>3</sup>	2849.81(8)	3586.35(9)	1558.92(6)	1567.3(2)

Table S2.1. Crystal data and structure refinement for complexes [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(PPh\_3)] (13), [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(dmso)] (14), [Pt(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh\_3)](ClO\_4) (15) and [Pd(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh\_3)](ClO\_4) (16).

Ζ	4	8	2	2
$D_c/\mathrm{g~cm^{-3}}$	1.685	1.996	1.764	1.567
T/K	100(2)	293(2)	100(2)	296(2)
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	5.099	8.096	4.683	0.773
<i>F</i> (000)	1416	2064	816	752
$2\theta$ range/°	5.8-61.2	5.7-56.7	5.6-58.9	2.6-60.2
Collected reflections	70790	65955	27380	18125
Unique reflections	8312	8319	7591	8379
R <sub>int</sub>	0.0348	0.0383	0.0591	0.0113
$R_1, wR_2^a (I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0245, 0.0582	0.0241, 0.0485	0.0343, 0.0765	0.0198, 0.0512
$R_1$ , $wR_2^a$ (all data)	0.0282, 0.0594	0.0280, 0.0496	0.0420, 0.0820	0.0210, 0.0520
GOF $(F^2)^b$	1.098	1.118	1.036	1.005

 ${}^{a}R_{1} = \sum(|F_{o}| - |F_{c}|) / \sum |F_{o}|. wR_{2} = \left[\sum w (F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2})^{2} / \sum w (F_{o}^{2})^{2}\right]^{1/2}. {}^{b} \text{ Goodness-of-fit} = \left[\sum w (F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2})^{2} / (n_{obs} - n_{param})\right]^{1/2}.$ 

Table S2.2. Crystal data and structure refinement for complexes [Pt(CNC-H)(H <sub>2</sub> O)(PPh <sub>3</sub> )](ClO <sub>4</sub> ) (17), [Pd(CNC-H)(H <sub>2</sub> O)(PPh <sub>3</sub> )](ClO <sub>4</sub> )
(18), $[Pt(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh_3)](ClO_4) \cdot CH_2Cl_2$ (19 $\cdot CH_2Cl_2$ ) and $[Pt(CNC-H)(\mu-S-2Py)]_2 \cdot 2CH_2Cl_2$ (21 $\cdot 2CH_2Cl_2$ ).

	17	18	$19 \cdot CH_2Cl_2$	$21 \cdot \mathbf{2CH}_2\mathbf{Cl}_2$
Formula	C35H29ClNO5PPt	C35H29ClNO5PPd	C <sub>39</sub> H <sub>35</sub> ClNO <sub>4</sub> PPtS·	$C_{44}H_{32}N_4Pt_2S_2$
			CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	$\cdot 2CH_2Cl_2$
$M_t$	805.10	716.41	960.17	1240.89
Crystal system	triclinic	triclinic	monoclinic	orthorhombic
Space group	P-1	P-1	<i>P2</i> <sub>1</sub> / <i>c</i>	P212121
a/Å	9.47247(2)	9.4934(7)	9.27131(1)	10.35727(14)
b/Å	10.2602(2)	10.2710(8)	19.6874(2)	18.1281(3)
c/Å	15.8821(3)	15.8699(1)	20.5535(2)	22.4772(5)
<i>a</i> /°	94.1019(2)	94.1000(1)	90	90
β/°	98.3549(2)	98.4230(1)	94.4415(1)	90
γ/ <sup>0</sup>	95.8330(2)	95.2610(1)	90	90

$V/\text{\AA}^3$	1513.42(6)	1518.6(2)	3740.32(7)	4220.27(1)
Ζ	2	2	4	4
$D_c/\mathrm{g~cm^{-3}}$	1.767	1.567	1.705	1.953
T/K	100(2)	100(2)	100(2)	100(2)
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	4.822	0.797	4.108	7.014
<i>F</i> (000)	792	728	1904	2384
$2\theta$ range/°	5.6-58.8	2.6-60.2	5.4-61.2	5.8-61.2
Collected reflections	33455	17579	48344	32134
Unique reflections	7508	8128	10501	11436
$R_{ m int}$	0.0378	0.0103	0.0508	0.0338
$R_1, w R_2^a (I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0208, 0.0433	0.0208, 0.0526	0.0304, 0.0683	0.0260, 0.0456
$R_1$ , $wR_2^a$ (all data)	0.0234, 0.0442	0.0218, 0.0532	0.0389, 0.0732	0.0306, 0.0469
GOF $(F^2)^b$	1.051	1.046	1.045	1.012

 ${}^{a}R_{1} = \sum(|F_{o}| - |F_{c}|) / \sum |F_{o}|. wR_{2} = \left[\sum w \left(F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2}\right)^{2} / \sum w(F_{o}^{2})^{2}\right]^{1/2}. {}^{b} \text{ Goodness-of-fit} = \left[\sum w \left(F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2}\right)^{2} / (n_{obs} - n_{param})\right]^{1/2}.$ 

**Table S2.3.** Crystal data and structure refinement for complexes [Pt(CNC-H)(8-hq)] $\cdot 0.5n$ -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>14</sub> (**22** $\cdot 0.5n$ -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>14</sub>), [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] ·CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (**23** $\cdot$ CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (**24** $\cdot$ CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), *trans*-(N,O)[Pt(CNC-H)(NC<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)] (**25A** $\cdot 0.25$ CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) and *trans*-(N,N)[Pt(CNC-H)(NC<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)] ·1.5CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (**25B** $\cdot 1.5$ CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>).

	<b>22</b> ·0.5 <i>n</i> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	$23 \cdot CH_2Cl_2$	$24{\cdot}\mathrm{CH}_{2}\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$	<b>25A</b> ·0.25CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	<b>25B</b> ·1.5CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>
Formula	$C_{26}H_{18}N_2OPt$	C <sub>35</sub> H <sub>26</sub> NOPPt	C <sub>35</sub> H <sub>26</sub> NOPPd	$C_{23}H_{16}N_2O_2Pt$	$C_{23}H_{16}N_2O_2Pt$
	0.5 <i>n</i> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	·CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	·CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	·0.25CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	·1.5CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>
$M_t$	612.60	787.55	698.86	568.70	1131.98(17)
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic	triclinic	triclinic
Space group	<i>C2/c</i>	$P2_{1}/c$	$P2_{1}/c$	P-1	P-1
a/Å	33.0602(8)	8.4494(2)	8.44669(2)	10.97298(2)	9.8352(9)
b/Å	11.7636(2)	22.3359(5)	22.4058(4)	14.3885(2)	10.7295(9)
c/Å	12.5106(3)	16.3739(4)	16.3735(3)	24.9907(5)	12.7362(1)
a/°	90	90	90	74.1536(17)	68.6480(1)
β/°	105.879(2)	104.788(3)	104.4639(2)	85.2977(16)	71.3790(10)

γ/°	90	90	90	82.1657(14)	67.6590(10)
$V/Å^3$	4679.80(2)	2987.80(1)	3000.55(9)	3756.13(1)	1131.98(2)
Ζ	8	4	4	8	2
$D_c/\mathrm{g~cm^{-3}}$	1.739	1.751	1.547	2.011	1.980
T/K.	100(2)	100(2)	293(2)	293(2)	100(2)
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	6.021	4.960	0.881	7.565	6.578
<i>F</i> (000)	2392	1544	1416	2180	650
$2\theta$ range/°	8.4-57.6	6.0-61.2	6.0-56.8	5.4-56.6	3.4-60.2
Collected reflections	30123	22421	29156	71308	13049
Unique reflections	5656	8040	6565	16400	6042
$R_{\rm int}$	0.0335	0.0264	0.0234	0.0462	0.0150
$R_1, w R_2^a (I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0275, 0.0688	0.0236, 0.0522	0.0231, 0.0539	0.0352, 0.0811	0.0135, 0.0325
$R_1$ , $wR_2^a$ (all data)	0.0347, 0.0726	0.0286, 0.0542	0.0269, 0.0557	0.0481, 0.0874	0.0143, 0.0328
GOF $(F^2)^b$	1.040	1.029	1.033	1.056	1.046

Chapter 2 S9

 ${}^{a}R_{1} = \sum (|F_{0}| - |F_{c}|) / \sum |F_{0}|. wR_{2} = [\sum w (F_{0}^{2} - F_{c}^{2})^{2} / \sum w (F_{0}^{2})^{2}]^{1/2}. {}^{b} \text{ Goodness-of-fit} = [\sum w (F_{0}^{2} - F_{c}^{2})^{2} / (n_{0}\text{bs} - n_{p}\text{aram})]^{1/2}.$ 

 $26 \cdot CH_2Cl_2$  $27 \cdot CH_2Cl_2$ Formula C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>PPt C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>PPd  $\cdot CH_2Cl_2$  $\cdot CH_2Cl_2$  $M_t$ 815.56 726.87 monoclinic monoclinic Crystal system  $P2_1/n$  $P2_1/n$ Space group a/Å 9.32842(2) 9.36969(2) b/Å 16.0093(3) 15.9432(3) c/Å 20.9697(4) 20.9922(4) 90 90 a/° β/° 90.3715(2) 90.5995(2)

γ/°

90

90

**Table S2.4.** Crystal data and structure refinement for complexes  $[Pt(CNC-H){PPh_2(C_6H_4-o-COO)}] \cdot CH_2Cl_2 (26 \cdot CH_2Cl_2)$  and  $[Pd(CNC-H){PPh_2(C_6H_4-o-COO)}] \cdot CH_2Cl_2 (27 \cdot CH_2Cl_2).$ 

V/Å <sup>3</sup>	3131.58(9)	3135.70(9)
Ζ	4	4
$D_c/\mathrm{g~cm^{-3}}$	1.730	1.540
T/K	100(2)	293(2)
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	4.738	0.849
<i>F</i> (000)	1600	1472
$2\theta$ range/°	5.4-56.8	5.4-56.6
Collected reflections	30952	30607
Unique reflections	6772	6929
$R_{\rm int}$	0.0405	0.0302
$R_1, w R_2^a (I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0268, 0.0535	0.0271, 0.0600
$R_1, w R_2^a$ (all data)	0.0356, 0.0574	0.0330, 0.0629
GOF $(F^2)^b$	1.028	1.057

 ${}^{a}R_{1} = \sum(|F_{o}| - |F_{c}|) / \sum |F_{o}|. wR_{2} = \left[\sum w \left(F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2}\right)^{2} / \sum w(F_{o}^{2})^{2}\right]^{1/2}. {}^{b} \text{ Goodness-of-fit} = \left[\sum w \left(F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2}\right)^{2} / (n_{obs} - n_{param})\right]^{1/2}.$ 

## 2. IR, NMR and MS spectra of complexes



## 2.1. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (13).

Figure S2.1. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (13).



Figure S2.2. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (13).



**Figure S2.3.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**13**).



Figure S2.4.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (13).



**Figure S2.5.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (13).



**Figure S2.6.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**13**).



Figure S2.7. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(Cl)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (13).



Figure S2.8. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peaks of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (13).



2.2. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(dmso)] (14).

Figure S2.9. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(dmso)] (14).



Figure S2.10. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(dmso)] (14).



**Figure S2.11.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(dmso)] (14).



**Figure S2.12.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(dmso)] (14).



**Figure S2.13.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(dmso)] (14).



Figure S2.14. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)Cl(dmso)] (14).



Figure S2.15. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(Cl)(dmso)] (14).



2.3. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (15).

Figure S2.16. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (15).



Figure S2.17. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum ( $CD_2Cl_2$ , RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (15).



**Figure S2.18.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**15**).



Figure S2.19.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (15).



**Figure S2.20.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (15).



**Figure S2.21.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**15**).



Figure S2.22. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (15).



**Figure S2.23.** MS (ESI+) selected peak of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (15).



2.4. Spectra of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (16).





Figure S2.25. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (16).



**Figure S2.26.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (16).



48 46 44 42 40 38 36 34 32 [ppm] 16 14 

Figure S2.27.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (16).



**Figure S2.28.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (16).



**Figure S2.29.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (16).



Figure S2.30. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (16).



Figure S2.31. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (16).



2.5. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (17).

Figure S2.32. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (17).



7.2 7.1 7.0 6.9 [ppm] 6.1 6.0 5.9 8.5 8.1 8.0 7.9 7.8 7.7 7.6 7.5 7.4 7.3 8.3 8.2 6.8 6.7 6.3 6.2 8.4 6.6 6.5 6.4

Figure S2.33. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (17).



Figure S2.34.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (17).



Figure S2.35. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (17).



2.6. Spectra of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (18).

Figure S2.36. IR spectrum of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (18).



Figure S2.37. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (18).

Chapter 2 S31



**Figure S2.38.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**18**).



Figure S2.39.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (18).

Chapter 2 S32



**Figure S2.40.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**18**).



**Figure S2.41.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**18**).



Figure S2.42. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (18).



Figure S2.43. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(H<sub>2</sub>O)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (18).



2.7. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (19).

Figure S2.44. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (19).



Figure S2.45. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum ( $CD_2Cl_2$ , RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)]( $ClO_4$ ) (19).



**Figure S2.46.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**19**).



Figure S2.47.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (19).

Chapter 2 S36



**Figure S2.48.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**19**).



**Figure S2.49.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**19**).



Figure S2.50. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (19).



Figure S2.51. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (19).


2.8. Spectra of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](TfO) (20).

Figure S2.52. IR spectrum of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](TfO) (20).



Figure S2.53. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](TfO) (20).



**Figure S2.54.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](TfO) (**20**).



Figure S2.55.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](TfO) (20).



Figure S2.56.  ${}^{19}F{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](TfO) (20).



Figure S2.57. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pd(CNC-H)(tht)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](TfO) (20).



2.9. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(µ-S-2Py)]2 (21).





Figure S2.59. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-H)( $\mu$ -S-2Py)]<sub>2</sub> (21).



**Figure S2.60.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(µ-S-2Py)]<sub>2</sub> (**21**).



**Figure S2.61.** MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peaks of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(µ-S-2Py)]<sub>2</sub> (21).



2.10. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(8-hq)] (22).

Figure S2.62. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(8-hq)] (22).



Figure S2.63. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(8-hq)] (22).

Chapter 2 S44



**Figure S2.64.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(8-hq)] (22).



**Figure S2.65.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(8-hq)] (22).

Chapter 2 S45



**Figure S2.66.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(8-hq)] (22).



Figure S2.67. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(8-hq)] (22).



Figure S2.68. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(8-hq)] (22).



2.11. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (23).

Figure S2.69. IR spectrum of complex  $[Pt(CNC-H){PPh_2(C_6H_4-o-O)}]$  (23).



Figure S2.70. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-o-O)}] (23).



Figure S2.71.  $^{1}H-^{1}H$  COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (23).



Figure S2.72.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (23).



Figure S2.73.  $^{1}H^{-13}C$  HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (23).



Figure S2.74.  $^{1}H^{-13}C$  HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (23).



Figure S2.75. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (23).



Figure S2.76. MS (ESI+) selected peak of complex  $[Pt(CNC-H){PPh_2(C_6H_4-o-O)}]$  (23).



2.12. Spectra of complex [Pd(CNC-H) {PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (24).

Figure S2.77. IR spectrum of complex  $[Pd(CNC-H){PPh_2(C_6H_4-o-O)}]$  (24).



Figure S2.78. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-o-O)}] (24).



Figure S2.79.  $^{1}H^{-1}H$  COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (24).



Figure S2.80.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (24).



Figure S2.81.  $^{1}$ H- $^{13}$ C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (24).



Figure S2.82.  $^{1}H$ - $^{13}C$  HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (24).



Figure S2.83. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (24).



**Figure S2.84.** MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex [Pd(CNC-H) {PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-O)}] (24).



2.13. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(NC5H4-o-COO)] (25).

Figure S2.85. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(NC<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)] (25).



**Figure S2.86.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(NC<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>*o*-COO)] (**25**).



**Figure S2.87.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(NC<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)] (**25**).



**Figure S2.88.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(NC<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)] (**25**).

Chapter 2 S57



**Figure S2.89.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(NC<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)] (**25**).



Figure S2.90. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(NC<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)] (25).



**Figure S2.91.** MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pt(CNC-H)(NC<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)] (25).



2.14. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (26).

**Figure S2.92.** IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (26).



Figure S2.93. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-o-COO)}] (26).



Figure S2.94.  ${}^{1}H-{}^{1}H$  COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (26).



Figure S2.95.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (26).



Figure S2.96.  $^{1}H^{-13}C$  HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (26).



**Figure S2.97.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)] (**26**).



Figure S2.98. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (26).



Figure S2.99. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pt(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-o-COO)}] (26).



2.15. Spectra of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (27).

**Figure S2.100.** IR spectrum of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (27).



8.3 8.2 8.1 8.0 7.9 7.8 7.7 7.6 7.5 7.4 7.3 7.2 7.1 7.0 6.9 6.8 6.7 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 [ppm]

Figure S2.101. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-o-COO)}] (27).

Chapter 2 S64



Figure S2.102.  $^{1}H-^{1}H$  COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (27).



Figure S2.103.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H) {PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (27).



Figure S2.104. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex  $[Pd(CNC-H){PPh_2(C_6H_4-o-COO)}]$  (27).



Figure S2.105.  ${}^{1}H{}^{-13}C$  HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-o-COO)}] (27).



Figure S2.106. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (27).



Figure S2.107. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex [Pd(CNC-H){PPh<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*o*-COO)}] (27).

### 3. Computational details

Density Functional Theory (DFT) calculations were carried out with the Gaussian 16 suite of programs,<sup>3</sup> using the BP-86 density functional<sup>4</sup> together with Grimme's D3 dispersion correction.<sup>5</sup> The ECP-60-mwb pseudopotential<sup>6</sup> was used for platinum, the ECP-28-mwb pseudopotential was used for palladium,<sup>6</sup> and the 6-31G(d)<sup>7</sup> basis set was used for all other atoms. Geometry optimizations were performed without any symmetry constraint, either in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, acetone or CH<sub>3</sub>CN by using the solvation model based on density (SMD)<sup>8</sup>. Stationary points were characterized by calculating the Hessian matrix analytically to confirm that all species are minima (no imaginary frequencies, with exception of INT2 for the reaction with 2-pyridinecarboxilic acid, which showed one very low-intensity imaginary frequency) or transition states (one single imaginary frequency) on the potential energy surface. Atomic coordinates (x, y, z) for the optimized structures are included in a separate file (*DFT-chapter2.xyz*).

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## Supporting Information

for

# Chapter 3. Reactivity of platinum (II) and palladium (II) cyclometallated substrates towards sources of Me<sup>+</sup>.

•	1. Crystal data and structural refinement	S2
•	2. IR, NMR and MS spectra of complexes	S7
•	3. Computational details	S32
•	4. References	S33

## 1. Crystal data and structural refinement

Crystal data and other details of the structure analyses are presented in Tables S3.1 and S3.2. Suitable crystals for X-Ray diffraction studies were obtained by slow diffusion of *n*-hexane into concentrated solutions of the complexes in 3 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> or acetone. Crystals were mounted at the end of a quartz fibre. The radiation used in all cases was graphite monochromated Mo-K<sub>a</sub> ( $\lambda = 71.073$  pm). X-Ray intensity data were collected on an Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer. The diffraction frames were integrated and corrected from absorption by using the CrysAlis RED program.<sup>1</sup> The structures were solved by Patterson and Fourier methods and refined by full-matrix least squares on  $F^2$ with SHELXL.<sup>2</sup> All atoms were assigned anisotropic displacement parameters and refined without positional constraints. The positions of the H atoms were constrained to idealised geometries and assigned isotropic displacement parameters equal to 1.2 or 1.5 times the  $U_{iso}$  values of their respective parent atoms. Full-matrix least-squares refinement of the models against  $F^2$  converged to final residual indices given in Tables S3.1 and S3.2.

	28	<b>29</b> ·CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	30	$31 \cdot CH_2Cl_2$	
Formula	C <sub>36</sub> H <sub>29</sub> INPPt	C <sub>36</sub> H <sub>29</sub> INPPt ·CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	$C_{38}H_{32}ClN_2O_4PPt$	C <sub>35</sub> H <sub>29</sub> INPPd ·CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	
$M_t$	828.56	913.49	842.16	824.80	
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	triclinic	monoclinic	
Space group	P21/c	$P2_{1}/c$	P-1	<i>P2</i> <sub>1</sub> / <i>c</i>	
a/Å	8.9792(2)	17.9149(2)	10.04095(1)	17.8942(3)	
b/Å	14.8014(3)	11.76174(2)	10.37391(1)	11.7904(2)	
c/Å	21.6854(4)	15.7395(2)	15.61981(2)	15.7499(3)	
a/°	90	90	91.7421(8)	90	
β/°	91.6012(2)	95.1962(12)	96.8298(9)	95.3038(17)	
γ/ <sup>0</sup>	90	90	92.5803(9)	90	

Table S3.1. Crystal data and structure refinement for complexes [PtIMe(CNC)(PPh3)] (28), [Pt(CN-o-tol)I(PPh3)]·CH2Cl2 (29·CH2Cl2),[Pt(CN-o-tol)(MeCN)(PPh3)](ClO4) (30) and [Pd(CN-o-tol)I(PPh3)] (31·CH2Cl2).

$V/\text{\AA}^3$	2880.97(1)	3302.85(8)	1612.79(3)	3308.66(10)
Ζ	4	4	2	4
$D_c/\mathrm{g~cm^{-3}}$	1.910	1.837	1.734	1.656
T/K	100(2)	100(2)	293(2)	293(2)
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	6.025	5.421	4.528	1.731
<i>F</i> (000)	1592	1760	832	1632
$2\theta$ range/°	5.4-56.6	5.4-56.4	5.6-56.8	5.8-50.0
Collected reflections	28098	25929	62383	29533
Unique reflections	6231	7136	7438	5812
R <sub>int</sub>	0.0460	0.0351	0.0349	0.0607
$R_1, w R_2^a (I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0311, 0.0695	0.0274, 0.0622	0.0217, 0.0488	0.0450, 0.1156
$R_1, w R_2^a$ (all data)	0.0390, 0.0736	0.0356, 0.0740	0.0244, 0.0500	0.0508, 0.1202
GOF $(F^2)^b$	1.029	1.114	1.036	1.066

 ${}^{a}R_{1} = \sum(|F_{o}| - |F_{c}|) / \sum |F_{o}|. wR_{2} = \left[\sum w \left(F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2}\right)^{2} / \sum w(F_{o}^{2})^{2}\right]^{1/2}. {}^{b} \text{ Goodness-of-fit} = \left[\sum w \left(F_{o}^{2} - F_{c}^{2}\right)^{2} / (n_{obs} - n_{param})\right]^{1/2}.$ 

	32	<b>33</b> ·0.75Me <sub>2</sub> CO	35
Formula	C <sub>36</sub> H <sub>28</sub> NPPt	C <sub>37</sub> H <sub>31</sub> INPPt	C <sub>36</sub> H <sub>29</sub> ClNPPt
		·0.75Me <sub>2</sub> CO	
$M_t$	700.65	886.14	737.11
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic
Space group	<i>P2</i> <sub>1</sub> / <i>c</i>	C2/c	<i>P2</i> <sub>1</sub>
a/Å	15.53448(2)	32.1325(5)	10.0613(3)
b/Å	17.7690(2)	8.54546(1)	8.2138(4)
c/Å	9.75836(1)	27.7966(5)	17.0990(7)
a/°	90	90	90
$\beta^{\prime \circ}$	91.9145(9)	112.078(2)	90.175(4)
γ/ <sup>0</sup>	90	90	90

 Table S3.2. Crystal data and structure refinement for complexes and [Pt(CNC-Me)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (32), [Pt(CN-2,6-xyl)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)]·0.75Me<sub>2</sub>CO

 (33·0.75Me<sub>2</sub>CO) and [Pt(CN-o-tol)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (35).
$V/Å^3$	2692.12(5)	7072.9(2)	1413.08(1)
Ζ	4	8	2
$D_c/\mathrm{g~cm^{-3}}$	1.729	1.664	1.732
T/K	100(2)	100(2)	100(2)
$\mu/\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$	5.299	4.915	5.143
<i>F</i> (000)	1376	3440	724
$2\theta$ range/°	5.4-56.6	5.3-56.8	5.5-56.6
Collected reflections	50852	28346	16248
Unique reflections	6194	7624	5933
$R_{ m int}$	0.0405	0.0276	0.0740
$R_1, w R_2^a (I > 2\sigma(I))$	0.0233, 0.0506	0.0302, 0.0766	0.0373, 0.0661
$R_1$ , $wR_2^a$ (all data)	0.0281, 0.0520	0.0343, 0.0790	0.0505, 0.0689
GOF $(F^2)^b$	1.006	1.020	1.008

<sup>*a*</sup>  $R_1 = \sum (|F_o| - |F_c|) / \sum |F_o|$ .  $wR_2 = [\sum w (F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2 / \sum w (F_o^2)^2 ]^{1/2}$ . <sup>*b*</sup> Goodness-of-fit =  $[\sum w (F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2 / (n_{obs} - n_{param})]^{1/2}$ .

## 2. IR, NMR and MS spectra of complexes



## 2.1. Spectra of complex [PtIMe(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (28).

Figure S3.1. IR spectrum of complex [PtIMe(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (28).



Figure S3.2. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [PtIMe(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (28).



Figure \$3.3. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [PtIMe(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (28).



Figure S3.4.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [PtIMe(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (28).



Figure S3.5. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [PtIMe(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (28).



Figure S3.6.  $^{1}H^{-13}C$  HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [PtIMe(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (28).



Figure S3.7. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [PtIMe(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (28).



Figure S3.8. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) spectrum of complex [PtIMe(CNC)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (28).



2.2. Spectra of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (29).

Figure S3.9. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (29).



**Figure S3.10.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (29).



**Figure S3.11.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**29**).



Figure S3.12.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (29).



**Figure S3.13.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**29**).



**Figure S3.14.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN*o*-tol)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**29**).



Figure S3.15. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (29).



**Figure S3.16.** MS (MALDI+ DCTB) spectrum of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (29).



2.3. Spectra of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (30).

Figure S3.17. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (30).



Figure S3.18. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum ( $CD_2Cl_2$ , RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (30).



**Figure S3.19.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**30**).



Figure S3.20.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (30).



**Figure S3.21.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**30**).



**Figure S3.22**. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN*o*-tol)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**30**).



Figure S3.23. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (**30**).



Figure S3.24. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)(MeCN)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)](ClO<sub>4</sub>) (30).



2.4. Spectra of complex [Pt(CNC-Me)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (32).

Figure S3.25. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CNC-Me)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (32).



Figure S3.26. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-Me)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (32).



**Figure S3.27.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-Me)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**32**).



Figure S3.28.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-Me)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (32).



**Figure S3.29.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-Me)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**32**).



**Figure S3.30.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-Me)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**32**).



Figure S3.31. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CNC-Me)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (32).



Figure S3.32. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pt(CNC-Me)(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (32).



2.5. Spectra of complex [Pt(CN-2,6-xyl)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (33).

Figure S3.33. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CN-2,6-xyl)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (33).



Figure S3.34. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-2,6-xyl)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (33).



**Figure S3.35.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-2,6-xyl)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**33**).



Figure S3.36.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-2,6-xyl)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (33).



**Figure S3.37.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-2,6-xyl)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**33**).



**Figure S3.38.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-2,6-xyl)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**33**).



Figure S3.39. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-2,6-xyl)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (33).



Figure S3.40. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) selected peak of complex [Pt(CN-2,6-xyl)I(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (33).



2.6. Spectra of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (35).

Figure S3.41. IR spectrum of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (35).



Figure S3.42. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (35).



**Figure S3.43.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**35**).



Figure S3.44.  ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (35).



**Figure S3.45.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HSQC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**35**).



**Figure S3.46.** <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN*o*-tol)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (**35**).



Figure S3.47. APT  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR spectrum (CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, RT) of complex [Pt(CN-*o*-tol)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (35).



Figure S3.48. MS (MALDI+ DCTB) molecular peak of complex [Pt(CN-o-tol)Cl(PPh<sub>3</sub>)] (35).

## 3. Computational details

Density Functional Theory (DFT) calculations were carried out with the Gaussian  $16^3$  suite of programs, using the BP-86 density functional<sup>4</sup> together with Grimme's D3 dispersion correction.<sup>5</sup> The ECP-60-mwb pseudopotential<sup>6</sup> was used for platinum, the ECP-46-mwb pseudopotential was used for iodine,<sup>6</sup> and the  $6-31G(d)^7$  basis set was used for all other atoms. Geometry optimizations were performed without any symmetry constraint, either in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> or CH<sub>3</sub>CN by using the solvation model based on density (SMD)<sup>8</sup> or in the gas phase. Stationary points were characterized by calculating the Hessian matrix analytically to confirm that all species are minima (no imaginary frequencies) or transition states (one single imaginary frequency) on the potential energy surface. Conceptual DFT post analysis was performed from the optimized geometry obtained from Gaussian 16, using the Multiwfn package.<sup>9</sup> Atomic coordinates (x, y, z) for the optimized structures are included in a separate file (*DFT-chapter3.xyz*).

## 4. References

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