

Información del Plan Docente

Academic Year 2016/17

Academic center 103 - Facultad de Filosofía y Letras

Degree 419 - Degree in Geography and Land Management

ECTS 6.0
Course 1

Period First semester

Subject Type Basic Education

Module ---

- 1.Basic info
- 1.1.Recommendations to take this course
- 1.2. Activities and key dates for the course
- 2.Initiation
- 2.1.Learning outcomes that define the subject
- 2.2.Introduction
- 3.Context and competences
- 3.1.Goals
- 3.2. Context and meaning of the subject in the degree
- 3.3.Competences
- 3.4.Importance of learning outcomes
- 4.Evaluation
- 5. Activities and resources

5.1.General methodological presentation

The learning and teaching methodology developed in the course is aimed to promote the attainment of its objectives. A wide range of teaching and learning activities is implemented, such as interactive lessons, practical exercises, individual or group activities, directed activities, field work and private study.

A high level of student participation will be required from all students throughout the course.

Extensive material will be available via the Moodle site of the course. This offers a variety of resources including a



repository of the lecture notes used in class, a course syllabus as well as other forms of course-specific materials, including a discussion forum.

5.2.Learning activities

Lecture sessions: 25 hours

Interactive, individual or group activities: 40 hours

Laboratory sessions: 10 hours

Field work: 10 hours

Directed activities: 32 hours

5.3.Program

PART ONE: RELIEF AND GEOMORPHOLOGY

Introduction. The landforms, a geographical study. Geomorphic systems. People as creators of landforms. Unit 1. Geomorphology, the science of landforms. History of Geomorphology.

- The approach to Geomorphology until the nineteenth century. Description of the environment. Background of modern geomorphology.
- The study of the landforms from the nineteenth century. The knowledge of landforms. Structural and Climatic Geomorphology.
- Geomorphology from the twenty century: Dynamic Geomorphology, Applied Geomorphology, Environmental Geomorphology.

PART TWO: GEOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE LANDFORMS Unit 2. Earth and the geodynamics.

- The Earth as a planet in the Universe.
- The internal structure of the Earth.
- Plate Tectonics, Geodynamic and Orogens. Evolution of the major structural units: geological time.
- Continental and oceanic topography.

Unit 3. The Earth rocks.

- Minerals and rocks.
- Classification of the rocks: sedimentary, igneous and metamorphic rocks.
- Rocks and landforms.

Unit 4. The deformations of the earth's crust: tectonic and landforms.

- Geological structures: folds and faults.

PART THREE: THE STRUCTURAL RELIEF Unit 5. Tectonic and structural landforms.

Unit 6. Lihology and landforms (karstic landforms, volcanic landforms...).

PART FOUR: THE MODELING OF LANDFORMS Unit 7. Weathering.

- Weathering: concept and factors that control weathering.
- Mechanical Weathering: fragmentation and disaggregation.
- Chemical weathering: oxidation, hydration, dissolution, hydrolysis.
- Organic Weathering: soil formation.
- Development of modeling: Quantitative analysis of the form of erosion on the Earth's surface.

Unit 8. Slope processes



- Gravity and overland flow.
- Mass movements.
- Slopes and morphometry.

Unit 9. Fluvial processes and river valleys

- Drainage basin landforms
- Fluvial dynamics: Fluid flow in channels, sediment transport and discharge of water and sediment.
- Fluvial landforms: erosion and sedimentation landforms.
- River valleys
- Floodplains and terraces. Alluvial fans.

PART FIVE: THE GREAT LAND TYPES OF MODELING

Unit 10. The relief and climate: Climatic Geomorphology.

- Relations between topography, climate and vegetation cover. Morphoclimatic systems.
- Quaternary processes and landforms
- Morphoclimatic Earth diversity.

Unit 11. Glacial and periglacial processes and landforms.

- Glaciers. Spatial distribution of glaciers along the Quaternary
- Processes and mechanisms: flow and glacial activity.
- Glacial landforms
- Proglacial and Periglacial activity.

Unit 12. Eolian processes and landforms.

- Eolian activity: spatial distribution.
- Eolian processes and landforms: forms of erosion and sedimentation.

Unit 13. The coastal processes and landforms

- Quaternary variations of sea level.
- Coastal factors and processes: tides, waves, currents, storms, tsunamis.
- Coastal landforms: depositional and erosional landforms
- Deltas and estuaries

5.4. Planning and scheduling

The course is divided into 5 thematic blocks. The first block includes the followig units: Introduction and Unit One; it runs



during the first 2 weeks of the term. The second thematic block includes the units 2, 3, 4 and 5 -geological characteristis of the landforms- and runs during the following three weeks. The third block covers the units 6 and 7 -lithological and tectonic landforms- and develops during three weeks. The fourth block covers the units 8, 9 and 10 -weathering- and runs during the following four weeks, and the last block covers the four last units, 11, 12, 13, 14 -climatic landforms- and runs during the last three weeks.

For further details concernig the timetable, classroom and other information of the course please refer to the

"Facultad de Filosofía y Letras" web site (https://fyl.unizar.es/horario-de-clases#overlay-context=horario-de-clases)

5.5.Bibliography and recomended resources

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