

Información del Plan Docente

Academic Year 2016/17

Academic center 175 - Escuela Universitaria Politécnica de La Almunia

Degree 423 - Bachelor's Degree in Civil Engineering

ECTS 6.0 **Course** 2

Period First semester

Subject Type Compulsory

Module ---

- 1.Basic info
- 1.1.Recommendations to take this course
- 1.2. Activities and key dates for the course
- 2.Initiation
- 2.1.Learning outcomes that define the subject
- 2.2.Introduction
- 3.Context and competences
- 3.1.Goals
- 3.2. Context and meaning of the subject in the degree
- 3.3.Competences
- 3.4.Importance of learning outcomes
- 4.Evaluation
- 5. Activities and resources
- 5.1.General methodological presentation

The learning process designed for this subject is based on the following

Strong interaction between the teacher/student. This interaction is brought into being through a division of work and responsibilities between the students and the teacher. Nevertheless, it must be taken into account that, to a certain degree, students can set their learning pace based on their own needs and availability, following the guidelines set by the teacher.



The current subject SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY OF MATERIALS is conceived as a stand-alone combination of contents, yet organized into three fundamental and complementary forms, which are: the theoretical concepts of each teaching unit, the solving of problems or resolution of questions and laboratory work, at the same time supported by other activities

- 1. Classroom activities:
 - 1. **Theory Classes**: the theoretical concepts of the subject will be explained.
 - 2. **Practical Classes**: Students will develop examples and conduct problems or case studies concerning the theoretical concepts studied.
 - 3. Laboratory Workshop: Students will develop tests to reinforce the theoretical concepts studied.
- 2. Reinforcement activities: Through a virtual education portal (Moodle) various activities which strengthen and expand the basic contents of the subject be addressed. These activities will be personalized and controlled its realization.

Teaching organization:

- * Theory Classes: theoretical activities and / or practices taught so fundamentally exhibition by the teacher.
- * Classes questions: Activity where students posed questions to each other the subject developed.
- * **Practical Classes** / seminars / workshops: Activities theoretical discussion or preferably practices carried out in the classroom and requiring high student participation.
- * Lab / field / computer room: Practical activities in laboratories, in the field, in the computer rooms.
- * Group tutorials: Scheduled tracking learning activities in which the teacher meets with a group of students to guide their work autonomous learning and targeted protection of jobs or requiring a very high degree of advice from the teacher.
- * Individual Tutorials : Said tutorials may be in person or online.

5.2.Learning activities

The programme offered to the student to help them achieve their target results is made up of the following activities:

Involves the active participation of the student, in a way that the results achieved in the learning process are developed, not taking away from those already set out, the activities are the following:

— Face-to-face generic activities :

● **Theory Classes**: The theoretical concepts of the subject are explained and illustrative examples are developed as support to the theory when necessary.

● **Practical Classes**: Problems and practical cases are carried out, complementary to the theoretical concepts studied.

● Laboratory Workshop: This work is tutored by a teacher, in groups of no more than 20 students.

— Generic non-class activities:

● Study and understanding of the theory taught in the lectures.



● Understanding and assimilation of the problems	s and practical cases solved in the practical classes.
● Preparation of seminars, solutions to proposed	problems, etc.
● Preparation of laboratory workshops, preparation	on of summaries and reports.
● Preparation of the written tests for continuous a	assessment and final exams.
The subject has 6 ECTS credits, which represents 150 h words, 10 hours per week for 15 weeks of class.	nours of student work in the subject during the trimester, in other
	he following table. These figures are obtained from the subject file count the level of experimentation considered for the said subject
Activity	Weekly school hours
Lectures	3
Laboratory Workshop	1
Other Activities	6
Nevertheless the previous table can be shown into great	ter detail, taking into account the following overall distribution:
— 45 hours of lectures, with 70% theoretical demo	
— 8 hours of laboratory workshop, in 2 hours per	sessions.
— 4 hours of written assessment tests, 2 hours pe	er test.
—: 3 hours of PPT presentations.	

— 90 hours of personal study, divided up over the 15 weeks of the 2 nd semester.



There is a tutorial calendar timetable set by the teacher that can be requested by the students who want a tutorial.

5.3.Program

Contents of the subjects essential for obtaining learning outcomes

The guidelines followed to develop the contents were as follows:

- Proposed in the verification report contents were respected.
- An agenda whose chapters are generally consistent with the titles of the specified program was developed. When this was not done it was because of its size and / or correlation was included in another.
- A large bibliography of recognized technical, classical and current issues was selected.
- The best literature treated subjects were selected and turned into a single text, design and own format, with innovative teaching resources. The teacher has not claimed to be unprecedented in its preparation, is based on texts by renowned, are only original objectives, organization and presentation of the material and drafting of some sections of the issues. The full text is available in the reprographic service of the school, as well as on digital media published in Moodle.
- The main features of text form can be summarized as have nine themes, which coincide with the content, completely developed, avoiding summaries.
- The specific objectives achieved with the development of the text itself can be summarized as follows:
 - Highlight the relationship between conceptual analysis and problem solving, using the number of examples needed
 to show approaches to solving them, stressing that solving is a process in which the conceptual knowledge is
 applied, and not It is merely a mechanized model for the solution. Therefore, in the text and the mental processes
 worked examples of problem solving based on the concepts, instead of highlighting the mechanical procedures are
 highlighted.
 - Provide students / as practice in the use of analytical techniques presented in the text.
 - Show students / as analytical techniques are tools, not goals, allowing in different situations to practice in choosing the analytical method they will use to obtain the solution.
 - Encourage student interest / as in engineering activities, including real application problems.
 - Develop problems and exercises using realistic values ​​representing feasible situations.
 - Encourage students / as to evaluate the solution, either with another method of resolution or by testing to see if it makes sense in terms of the known behavior of the circuit, machine or system.
 - Show students / as how the results of a solution are used to find additional information about the behavior of a circuit, machine or system.
 - The resolution of most problems will require the type of analysis to be performed by an engineer to solve real-world problems. Developed examples, where the mindset own engineering emphasizes, also serve as a basis for solving real problems

The course syllabus is structured around two complementary components contents:

- Theorists.
- Practical.



Theoretical Contents

The choice of the content of the various teaching units was made seeking the express clarification of the terminal objective so that the union of incidents knowledge, the student / to obtain a structured, assimilable easily for Engineers / as Civil Engineering knowledge.

The theoretical contents are articulated on the basis of five teaching units attached table, indivisible blocks of treatment, given the configuration of the subject that program. These topics collect the contents needed for the acquisition of predetermined learning outcomes.

	Agenda	Metals
Tema 1		1. INTRODUCTION 2 CRYSTAL STRUCTURE 3 TRAINING AND NATURE OF ALLOYS 4 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES 5 CONCEPTS 6 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES 7 CHEMICAL PROPERTIES 8 UNIONS 9 CONFORMADOS 10 IRON AND ITS ALLOYS 11 COPPER AND ALLOYS 12 ALUMINIUM AND ALLOYS



	Agenda	Cement
Tema 2		1 NATURE OF CEMENT 2 COMMODITIES OF CEMENT 3 CEMENT PRODUCTION 4 CEMENT CONSTITUENTS 5 CEMENT HYDRATION 6 CLASSIFICATION OF CEMENT 7 PROPERTIES OF CEMENT 8 TEST OF CEMENT 9 USES OF CEMENT
	Agenda	Bitumen
Tema 3		1 ORIGIN OF BITUMEN 2 TESTS RHEOLOGY OF BITUMENS 3 CLASSIFICATION OF BITUMENS 4 NFU (LIFE TIRES IN BITUMEN) 5 BITUMINOUS EMULSIONS 6 APPLICATIONS OF BITUMENS
	Agenda	Bituminous Concretes
Tema 4		1 PRODUCTION 2 TRANSPORT 3 PLACING 4 TIPOLOGIAS MIXER 5 CLASSIFICATION MIXER 6 RHEOLOGY MIXTURES 7 REGULATIONS 8 PATOLOGIAS



	Agenda	Concretes
Tema 5		1 HISTORY 2 MANUFACTURING 3 TRANSPORTER FRESH CONCRETE 4 (PLACING AND CURED) 5 DURABILITY OF CONCRETE 6 HARDENED CONCRETE 7 SPECIAL CONCRETES 8 APPLICATIONS OF CONCRETE

P ractical Contents

The theoretical knowledge of the previous section, has associated practices in this regard. Laboratory practices Science and Technology of Materials constitute an important complement to the integral formation of the student / a Coursing civil engineering degree.

It is impossible to try to give even a minimal description of the various types of appliances and commercial devices used for measuring different magnitudes. This is not the purpose, but which are covered learning outcomes of the course through a comprehensive program of laboratory practices, encompassing aspects related to the following issues:

- * Generically, a clear idea of ​ ​ the importance of the field of materials testing and runtime as the application thereof have it.
- * What knowledge have, at least, techniques and more used for measuring magnitudes as methods: mechanical resistance, chemical resistance, environmental resistance, etc. of concrete and asphalt mixes, etc.

5.4. Planning and scheduling

Class hall sessions & work presentations timetable

In the following table, the indicative schedule which includes the development of activities presented before shown, may vary depending on the development of teaching:

Activity / 1 week	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Master class	х	х		х	х	х		х	х	х		х	х	
Practical classes		х	х			х	х			х	х		х	х



Woı	rksho _l)				х							х		
Exa	ms						х								х
Pers	sonal ly	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х

Assessment schedule

It is determined according to the evolution of the lectures.

The evaluatorias written tests will relate to the following topics:

- Test 1: Topic: Metals, Cement and Bitumen.
- Test 2: Topic: Concrete and Bituminous mixtures.

The issues on which the work will be developed will be proposed in the third week, carrying out delivery and exposure before the last two weeks teaching in the course of the signature dates will be specified.

The dates of the final exams will be those that are officially published at http://www.eupla.es/secretaria/academica/examenes.html .

Those practices to be developed in the laboratory that will be performed by students / as in sessions of two hours below.

Practice 1	Tests to aggregates (sand grain sizes and equivalent).
Practice 2	Tests on metals (tensile, hardness, identification of rebars, etc.).
Practice 3	Test density determination of materials.
Practice 4	Dosage and Execution of concrete specimens.
Practice 5	Mechanical tests of concrete (compression, bending strength, etc.).
Practice 6	Test Proctor



5.5.Bibliography and recomended resources Materials

Materials	Soporte
Topic theory notes	Paper/repository
Topic problems	
Topic theory notes	Digital/Moodle
Topic presentations	E-Mail
Topic problems	
Related links	
Material de ensayos	Pc's laboratorio
Guión de prácticas	Paper/repository
Maquinas multiensayos	
Tamices	
Moldes de probetas	
Bandejas	
Etc.	

Bibliography

In addition to the specific text of the subject published to the effect itself expressly made by the teacher, the following basic and complementary bibliography for student consultation / to be taken into account .



ISBN	Bibliografía
	Monografías del Instituto Eduardo Torroja.
	W.E. SCHULZE. Geotecnia. Blume.
8472070085	JIMINEZ SALAS. Geotecnia y Cimientos I. Rueda (2 da . 1975)
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843680404x	COCA ROSIQUE. Ciencia de Materiales. Piramide (15 ta . 1992)
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9701056388	FUNDAMENTOS DE LA CIENCIA E INGENIERÍA DE MATERIALES. Editorial Mc Graw Hill. (William F Javad Hashemi).
8448139984	KRAEMER, C. Ingeniería de Carreteras. Mc Graw Hill (2004)
	W.E. SCHULZE. Geotecnia. Blume.
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84-923128-8-2	MATERIALES DE CONSTRUCCION. Manuel Bustillo Revuelta. Editorial Fueyo



978-84935279-1-4	HORMIGONES Y MORTEROS. Manuel Bustillo Revuelta. Editorial Fueyo
	HORMIGON ARMADO. Jiménez Montoya