

**Información del Plan Docente**

<b>Academic Year</b>	2016/17
<b>Academic center</b>	110 - Escuela de Ingeniería y Arquitectura
<b>Degree</b>	434 - Bachelor's Degree in Mechanical Engineering
<b>ECTS</b>	6.0
<b>Course</b>	1
<b>Period</b>	Half-yearly
<b>Subject Type</b>	Basic Education
<b>Module</b>	---

**1.Basic info****1.1.Recommendations to take this course****1.2.Activities and key dates for the course****2.Initiation****2.1.Learning outcomes that define the subject****2.2.Introduction****3.Context and competences****3.1.Goals****3.2.Context and meaning of the subject in the degree****3.3.Competences****3.4.Importance of learning outcomes****4.Evaluation****5.Activities and resources****5.1.General methodological presentation****5.2.Learning activities****5.3.Program****Modules**

Module 1: Exploratory data analysis in computer laboratory.

Module 2: Models of probability distribution.

Module 3: Sampling, estimation and hypothesis tests.

Module 4: Introduction to Optimization.

Module 1: Exploratory Data Analysis

Descriptive statistics

Basic concepts. Types of variables.

Data organization. Frequency table.

Graphic descriptions of a variable.

Numerical descriptions of a variable. Box-plot.

Bidimensional distributions. Bidimensional table.

Marginal and conditional distributions.

Measures of association. Regression and correlation.

Module 2: Models of probability distribution

Basic concepts. Sample space and events, algebra of events. Random and deterministic experiments.

Interpretations of probability.

Kolmogorov axiomatic definition.

Conditional probability. Independence of events.

Partition of a sample space, law of total probability and Bayes theorem.

Reliability of systems.

Random variables

Definition of random variable. Classification.

## 29708 - Statistics

Discrete random variable, probability function, distribution function.

Continuous random variable, density function, distribution function.

Expectation of a random variable and of a function of a random variable.

Basic properties of expectation and variance

Moments of a random variable.

Other measures of central tendency and dispersion.

Chebyshev inequality.

Main discrete distributions: Bernoulli, binomial, Poisson, geometric, hypergeometric.

Main continuous distributions: uniform, exponential, normal.

Reproductivity of random variables.

Poisson process: relationship to exponential distribution.

Approximations between random variables.

Two-dimensional distributions. Calculation of expectations and variances of a linear combination of independent random variables.

Module 3: Sampling, estimation and hypothesis tests

Sampling and Estimation

Introduction. Basic concepts associated with sampling distributions in normal populations: chi-square, Student's t, F.

Distributions important statistical sampling: Central Limit Theorem and Fisher theorem.

Confidence interval estimation. Intervals for means, variances and proportions. Calculation of the minimum sample size.

Hypothesis tests: null and alternative hypothesis, level of significance.

Relationship between confidence intervals and hypothesis tests.

Calculating the p-value.

Hypothesis testing for means, variances and proportions.

Chi-square and tests of contingency tables.

Module 4: Introduction to Optimization

Optimization problems

Decision variables, objective function and constraints.

Linear programming problems: graphic resolution.

#### **Contents of Practical classes in computer laboratory**

- \* Uni-dimensional descriptive statistics.
- \* Instructions for implementation of the Statistical Report.
- \* Two-dimensional Descriptive Statistics. Regression and correlation.
- \* Probability distributions of discrete and continuous random variables.
- \* Test goodness of fit.
- \* Hypothesis testing for means, variances and proportions.
- \* Introduction to Optimization.

#### **5.4.Planning and scheduling**

#### **5.5.Bibliography and recommended resources**