

# 30207 - Statistics

### Información del Plan Docente

Academic Year 2016/17

Academic center 110 - Escuela de Ingeniería y Arquitectura

326 - Escuela Universitaria Politécnica de Teruel

**Degree** 439 - Bachelor's Degree in Informatics Engineering

443 - Bachelor's Degree in Informatics Engineering

**ECTS** 6.0

Course

Period Second semester

Subject Type Basic Education

Module ---

- 1.Basic info
- 1.1.Recommendations to take this course
- 1.2. Activities and key dates for the course
- 2.Initiation
- 2.1.Learning outcomes that define the subject
- 2.2.Introduction
- 3. Context and competences
- 3.1.Goals
- 3.2. Context and meaning of the subject in the degree
- 3.3.Competences
- 3.4.Importance of learning outcomes
- 4.Evaluation
- 5. Activities and resources
- 5.1.General methodological presentation

The proposed methodology aims at encouraging students for every day work. The student's interest is promoted by means of a practical approach based on the use of actual problems and data.

The general principles of this course are presented in large-group-sessions where a fomal description is carried out with



## 30207 - Statistics

applications in standard examples this classes are complemented with real problem classes in small groups. Classes in computer room deal with both data analysis and modelling of real events. Students completing them will be able to use specific statistical software.

# 5.2.Learning activities

This course comprises three learning blocks:

Block 1: Explanatory Data Analysus

Block 2: Probability models

Block 3: Statistical inference

# 5.3.Program

### **BLOCK 1: EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS**

- 1. Descriptive statistics for one variable: descriptive measures (location, dispersión, skewness and kurtosis) and univariate graphs.
- 2. Model checking: Percentiles and probability plots.
- 3. Descriptive statistics for several variables: association measures, correlation coefficient, smoothing and fitting simple regression lines to data.

#### **BLOCK 2: PROBABILITY MODELS**

- 1. Introduction to probability: Random experiments. Sample space and events. The axioms of probability. Consequences. Conditional probability. Partition of the sample space. Total probability rule and Bayes formula. Independence of two events. Mutually independent events.
- 2. Random variables and characteristics: Definition of random variable: discrete and continuous. Distribution function. Probability mass function. Discrete random variable. Continuous random variable: density function. Conditional distribution. Expected value of a random variable. Expected value of a function of a random variable. Properties of the expected value. Variance and its properties. Standard deviation. Skewness and kurtosis. Percentile. Probability bounds: Chebyshev's inequality.
- 3. Main probability models: Sampling with and without replacement. Hypergeometric distribution. Bernoulli process: Bernoulli, binomial, geometric and negative binomial distributions. Poisson process: Poisson, exponential and gamma distribution. Uniform and normal distributions.
- 4. Multivariate random variables. Joint, marginal and conditional distributions. Conditional expected value. Independent



# 30207 - Statistics

variables. Reproductive property of a sum of variables.

### **BLOCK 3: STATISTICAL INFERENCE**

- 1. Random sampling: Likelihood function. Statistics. Sampling distribution. Chi-squared, t-Student and F-Snedecor distributions. Central limit theorem. Fisher theorem. Computation of the random sample size.
- 2. Point estimation and confidence intervals: Unbiased estimators. Variance of a Point Estimator. Standard Error. Methods of point estimation, method of moments and maximum likekihood. Opyimization in Inference. Confidence intervals on the mean, the variance and a population proportion.
- 3. Tests of hypothesis: Hypothesis testing. Null and alternative hypothesis. One-sided and two-sided hypotheses. Type I and type II errors. Power and sample size. Connection between hypothesis tests and confidence intervals. Tests on the mean, variance and a population proportion. Statistical inference for two samples. Tests on difference in means, on the variances ratio and on two population proportions. Paired t-test. Independence tests. Chi-Squared test.

# 5.4. Planning and scheduling

The course corresponds to 6 ECTS equivalent to 150 hours of activities for students with the following distribution:

### Classroom activities

- 30 hours (2hours/week) master class in large-group-class.
- 15 hours (1 hour/week) of problems in small group (2 groups)
- 14 h (7 classes of 2 hours 2hour/2week) in computer roon in small group (4 grups)

### Out of classroom activities

- Self-study 70 h
- Statistical report 15 h

#### **Evaluation activities**

• 6 hours

## 5.5.Bibliography and recomended resources